



Republic of the Philippines
Polytechnic University of the Philippines
Office of the Vice President for Academic Affairs

1.

QUALITY ASSURANCE CENTER

COMPARISON OF THE COURSE OFFERINGS OF REVISED 2018 – 2019 BS COMPUTER ENGINEERING (BSCpE) CURRICULUM WITH CMO 87 s. 2017

Commission on Higher Educa CMO 87 s. 2017	uon				Polytechnic Unive				
CIVIO 67 S. 2017				I. TECHNICAL					
				A. Mathematics	s (12 units)			.,	1 (
	Minimum	Numl				Course	Course		ber of
Course Title	Course	Но	urs	Course Code	Course Title	Prerequisite/	Credit		ours
	Credit	Lec	Lab			Co-requisite		Lec	Lal
Calculus 1	3	3	0	MATH 20043	Calculus 1		3	3	0
Calculus 2	3	3	0	MATH 20053	Calculus 2	MATH 20043	3	3	0
Engineering Data Analysis	3	3	0	STAT 20023	Engineering Data Analysis	GEED 10053	3	3	0
Differential Equations	3	3	0	MATH 20063	Differential Equations	MATH 20053	3	3	0
Subtotals	12	12	0			Subtotals	12	12	0
				B. Natural/Phys	ical Sciences				
Chemistry for Engineers	4	3	3	CHEM 20024	Chemistry for Engineers		4	3	3
Physics for Engineers	4	3	3	PHYS 20034	Physics for Engineers	MATH 20043	4	3	3
Subtotals	8	6	6			Subtotals	8	6	6
out istus				C. Basic Engine	ering Sciences (6 units)				
Computer-Aided Drafting	1	0	3	ENSC 20011	Computer-Aided Drafting		1	0	3
			0	ENSC 20093	Engineering	2 nd Year	3	3	0
Engineering Economics	3	3	0		Economics	Standing	3	3	0
Technopreneurship 101	3	3	0	ENSC 20103	Technopreneurship 101	3 rd Year Standing	3	3	0
Subtotals	7	6	3			Subtotals	7	6	3
Subtotuis	-	+		E. Allied Cours	ses				
Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits	4	3	3	ELEN 20044	Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits	MATH 20053	4	3	3
Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits	4	3	3	ECEN 20034	Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits	ELEN 20044	4	3	3
Subtotals	8	6	6		Dictional Control	Subtotals	8	6	6
Subtotals	0	+ -	-	F. Professional	Courses				
Discrete Mathematics	3	3	0	CMPE 30043	Discrete Mathematics	GEED 10053	3	3	0
Numerical Methods	3	3	0	CMPE 30063	Numerical Methods	MATH 20063	3	3	0
Computer Engineering as a Discipline	1	1	0	CMPE 30011	Computer Engineering as a Discipline		1	1	0
Fundamentals of Mixed Signals and Sensors	3	3	0	CMPE 30153	Fundamentals of Mixed Signals and Sensors	ECEN 20034	3	3	0
Computer Engineering Drafting and Design	1	0	3	CMPE 30141	Computer Engineering Drafting and Design	ECEN 20034	1	0	3
Programming Logic and Design	2	0	6	CMPE 30022	Programming Logic and Design		2	0	6
Data Structures and Algorithms	2	0	6	CMPE 30052	Data Structures and Algorithms	CMPE 30032	2	0	6
Object-oriented Programming	2	0	6	CMPE 30032	Object-oriented Programming	CMPE 30011	2	0	6
Software Design	4	3	3	CMPE 30074	Software Design	CMPE 30042	4	3	3
Microprocessor	4	3	3	CMPE 30184	Microprocessors	CMPE 30074	4	3	3
Logic Circuits and Design	4	3	3	CMPE 30094	Logic Circuits and Design	ECEN 20034	4	3	3
Methods of Research	2	2	0	CMPE 30193	Methods of Research	PHYS 20034; Co-requisite: CMPE 30164	3	3	. (
Operating Systems	3	3	0	CMPE 30103	Operating Systems	CMPE 30064	3	3	
Computer Architecture and Organization	4	3	3	CMPE 30224	Computer Architecture and Organization	CMPE 30164	4	3	3

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Data and Digital				CMPE 30114	Data and Digital	E-OFF 1 20024	. 1	2	3
Communications	4	3	3		Communications	ECEN 20034	4	3	3
Computer Networks and Security	4	3	3	CMPE 30174	Computer Networks and Security	CMPE 30094	4	3	3
Embedded Systems	4	3	3	CMPE 30274	Embedded Systems	CMPE 30164	4	3	3
Digital Signal Processing	4	3	3	CMPE 30244	Digital Signal Processing	CMPE 30113	4	3	3
Feedback and Control Systems	3	3	0	CMPE 30133	Feedback and Control	CMPE 30053; CMPE 30064	3	3	0
Introduction to HDL	CMPE 30121 Introduction to CMPE 30022;		1	0	3				
Field Study and Seminars	udy and Seminars 1 0 3 CMPE 30261 Field Study and Seminars 1 0 Standing 1 0		0	3					
Basic Occupational Health and	3	3	0	CMPE 30163	Basic Occupational Health and Safety	3 rd Year Standing	3	3	0
Safety CpE Laws and Professional	2	2	0	CMPE 30202	CpE Laws and Professional Practice	3 rd Year Standing	2	2	0
Practice Emerging Technologies in CpE	3	3	0	CMPE 30283	Emerging	4th Year	3	3	0
CpE Practice and Design 1	1	0	3	CMPE 30231	Technologies in CpE CpE Practice and	Standing CMPE 30164;	1	0	3
CpE Practice and Design 2	2	0	6	CMPE 30252	Design 1 CpE Practice and	CMPE 40073 CMPE 40091	2	0	6
Cpt Fractice and Design 2	2			CMPE 30083	Design 2 On-the-Job Training	2 nd Year	3	1	6
On-the-Job Training	3	3	240	CMPE 30213	(OJT) 1 (300 h) On-the-Job Training	Standing 3rd Year	3	1	6
				CMPE 40012	(OJT) 2 (300h) CpE Technology 1	Standing	2	0	6
				CMPE 40022	CpE Technology 2		2	0	6
				CMPE 40032	CpE Technology 3		2	0	6
				CMPE 40042	CpE Technology 4		2	0	6
				CMPE 40052	CpE Technology 5		2	0	6
Subtotals	72	53	297	C L 10002		Subtotals	87	53	102
- Cut idais				G. CpE Elective	e Courses				
- Control of the Cont					er Networks Engineering	3			
Cognate/Track Course 1	3			CMPE 40063	Router Configuration	3rd Year Standing	3	2	3
Cognate/Track Course 2	3			CMPE 40073	Switching and Wireless Networks	3rd Year Standing	3	2	3
Cognate/Track Course 3	3			CMPE 40083	Configurations Wide Area Networks	4th Year Standing	3	2	3
				· CMPE 40093	Cybersecurity	4th Year	3	2	3
						Standing Subtotals	12	8	12
				Track: Machi					
				CMPE 40113	Predictive Analytics Modelling, Simulation and Optimization	3 rd Year Standing	3	2	3
				CMPE 40123	Pattern Recognition	3 rd Year Standing	3	2	3
				CMPE 40133	Digital Image Processing	4th Year Standing	3	2	3
				CMPE 40143	Neutral Networks and Maching Learning	4th Year Standing	3	2	3
				Track: Big Da	ta	Subtotals	12	8	12
				CMPE 40153	Introduction to Big Data	3rd Year Standing	3	2	3
				CMPE 40163	Big Data Analytics	3 rd Year Standing	3	2	3
				CMPE 40173	Data System Implementation	4th Year Standing	3	2	3
				CMPE 40183	Secure Data Management	4th Year Standing	3	2	3

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				Track: System D	Pevelopment				
				CMPE 40193	Enterprise Software	3rd Year	3	2	3
					Systems	Standing	3	2	3
				CMPE 40203	Web and Mobile	3rd Year	3	2	3
					Systems	Standing	-	-	
				CMPE 40213	Software Process and Product Quality	4th Year Standing	3	2	3
				CMPE 40223	Trends in Software Development	4th Year Standing	3	2	3
					Process				
Subtotals	9	9	0			Subtotals	12	8	12
					Total Te	echnical Courses	134	91	129
				A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	NICAL COURSES				
				A. General Educ	-				
Understanding the Self	3	3	0	GEED 10023	Understanding the Self		3	3	0
Readings in Philippine History	3	3	0	GEED 10033	Readings in Philippine History		3	3	0
		-		GEED 10043	The Contemporary				
The Contemporary World	3	3	0	3222 10040	World		3	3	0
Mathematics for the Modern World	3	3	0	GEED 10053	Mathematics for the Modern World		3	3	0
	72			GEED 10063	Purposive				(4.0
Purposive Communication	3	3	0		Communication		3	3	0
Art Appreciation	3	3	0	GEED 10073	Art Appreciation		3	3	0
Science, Technology, and Society	3	3	0	GEED 10083	Science, Technology, and Society		3	3	0
Ethics	3	3	0	GEED 10093	Ethics	4 th Year Standing	3	3	0
		-		GEED 10103	Filipinolohiya at	Standing			
				GEED 10100	Pambansang kaunlaran		3	3	0
				GEED 10113	Pagsasalin sa Konstektong Filipino	GEED 10103	3	3	0
				GEED 10133	Panitikang Filipino		3	3	0
Subtotals	24	24	0			Subtotals	33	33	0
				B. General Educ	cation Elective/Mandate	d Courses			
GEC Elective 1	3	3	0	GEED 20023	Politics, Governance and Citizenship		3	3	0
GEC Elective 2	3	3	0	GEED 20033	Gender and Society		3	3	0
GEC Elective 3	3	3	0	GEED 20093	Reading Visual Arts		3	3	0
Life and Works of Rizal	3	3	0	GEED 10013	Buhay at Mga Sinulat ni Rizal		3	3	0
Subtotals	12	12	0			Subtotals	12	12	0
				C. Physical Edu	cation				
PE 1	2	2	0	PHED 10012	Physical Education 1		2	2	0
PE 2	2	2	0	PHED 10022	Physical Education 2	PHED 10012	2	2	0
PE 3	2	2	0	PHED 10032	Physical Education 3	PHED 10022	2	2	0
PE 4	2	2	0	PHED 10042	Physical Education 4	PHED 10032	2	2	0
Subtotals	8	8	0			Subtotals	7 (12)	12	0
					rvice Training Program				
NSTP 1	3	3	0	NSTP 10013	National Service Training Program 1		3	3	C
NSTP 2	3	3	0	NSTP 10023	National Service Training Program 2	NSTP 10013	3	3	C
		_	-		- Standard	Subtotals	14	14	0
Subtotals	6	6	0			Subtotals			
Subtotals Total Non-technical Courses	6 50	50	0		Total Non-t	echnical Courses	59	59	0

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OVERALL SUMMARY

CMO 87 s. 2017					PUP			
CLASSIFICATION	Minimum Minimum Numb Course of Hours			Course	Number of Hour			
I. TECHNICAL COURSES	Credit	Lec	Lab	Credit	Lec	Lab		
A. Mathematics	12	12	0	12	12	0		
B. Natural /Physical Sciences	8	6	6	8	6	6		
C. Basic Engineering Sciences	7	6	3	7	6	3		
D. Allied Courses	8	6	6	8	6	6		
E. Professional Courses	72	53	297	87	53	102		
F. Cognates/Electives	9			12	8	12		
Total Technical Courses	116	83	312	134	91	129		
II. NON-TECHNICAL COURSES						1		
A. General Education	24	24	0	33	33	0		
B. GEC Elective/Mandated Courses	12	12	0	12	12	0		
C. Physical Education	8	8	0	8	8	0		
D. National Service Training Program	6	6	0	6	6	0		
Total Non-technical Courses	50	50	0	59	59	0		
Grand Totals	166	133	312	193	150	129		

Reviewed by:

FREDERICK O. RAMOS, PhD

Chief, Curriculum Planning and Development

Attested by:

Dr. CANJAY I. CLAUDIO

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PROGRAM: <u>Bachelor of Science in Computer Engineering (BSCpE)</u> Compliance with CMO No. <u>87</u>

Courses	CMO Units	Revised Curriculum
General Education Courses	36	36
General Education Electives	9	9
Mandated Courses:	17	17
Rizal PE NSTP	3 8 6	3 8 6
Basic/Core Courses	27	27
Professional/Major Courses	79	79
Allied Courses	8	8
Practicum/Internship	6	6
Elective Courses/Cognate	-	10
Professional Elective Courses	9	12
TOTAL	188	195

Prepared by:

Noted by:

Approved by:

Engr Julius S. Cansino Chairperson CpE Dept. Academic Affairs

Dr. Remedios G. AdoOIC-Dean, College of Engineering

Dr. Manuel M. Muhi Vice President,







Republic of the Philippines OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT COMMISSION ON HIGHER EDUCATION

CHED MEMORANDUM ORDER No. 20 Series of 2013

SUBJECT

GENERAL EDUCATION CURRICULUM: HOLISTIC

UNDERSTANDINGS, INTELLECTUAL AND CIVIC COMPETENCIES



Background and Rationale

In accordance with pertinent provisions of the Constitution that: the state "shall protect and promote the right of all citizens to quality education at all levels..." (Article XIV) Section 1); "establish, maintain and support a complete, adequate and integrated system of education relevant to the needs of the people and society" (Article XIV Section2); "exercise reasonable supervision and regulation of all educational institutions" and as reiterated in Republic Act 7722 otherwise known as the "Higher Education Act of 1994", the Commission on Higher Education "shall set minimum standards for programs and institutions of higher learning (Section 8d)";

In furtherance of the ongoing paradigm shift to learning competency based standards in Philippine higher education that underlies the provisions of CHED Memorandum Order No. 2 series 2011;

In the pursuit of the ongoing educational reforms that include the enhanced basic education curriculum through K to 12 which in its consideration of the College Readiness Standards (CEB Resolution No. 298-2011) has integrated GE courses of higher education programs in the senior high school core courses thus, has created a window for the revision of the current GE curriculum (CHED Memorandum NO. 59 series 1996). The new GE curriculum aims to expose undergraduate students to various domains of knowledge and ways

1

Higher Education Development Center Building, C.P. Garcia Ave., UP Campus, Diliman, Quezon City, Philippines Web Site: www.ched.gov.ph Tel. Nos. 441-1177, 385-4391, 441-1169, 441-1149, 441-1170, 441-1216, 392-5296





of comprehending social and natural realities, developing in the process, intellectual competencies and civic capacities;

Pursuant to CEB Resolution No. 192-2013 dated March 11, 2013, the Commission approved the New General Education Program and its appended Brief Explanations of the GE Core Courses, Technical Committees/Panels/HEI Concerns About K-12, HEI Concerns About the new GEC, as revised in response to the suggestions articulated by stakeholders in zonal public consultations held within the period from August 2- September 14, 2012;

This CMO provides the framework and rationale of the revised GE as a paradigm shift and in the context of the K to 12 curriculum based on college readiness standards. It sets the goals, outcomes and competencies, revised core courses and electives. It also includes capacity building for start up and for continuing sustainability program. It is a set of minimum standards for the general education component of all degree programs that applies to private and public Higher Education Institutions in the country.

ARTICLE I CURRIULUM OVERVIEW

General Education is the portion of the curriculum common to all undergraduate students regardless of their major. It exposes them to various domains of knowledge and ways of comprehending social and natural realities, developing in the process:

- Intellectual competencies such as critical, analytical and creative thinking, and multiple forms of expression; and
- Civic capacities demanded of membership in the community, country, and the world.

For this reason, general education is distinct from specialized learning. The former introduces students to different ways of knowing; the latter focuses on a particular discipline. General education is oriented toward broad or wideranging understandings, while specialized learning is directed at more theoretical and technical knowledge. As such, general education undergirds the entire undergraduate education curriculum and cannot be expected, by itself, to deliver all the objectives of higher education. The prerequisite to the









success of general education is the consonance of its goals with those of higher education.

GENERAL AND HIGHER EDUCATION

Of the four missions of Philippine higher education articulated by the Commission on Higher Education, the first precisely describes the goal of general education, namely:

To produce thoughtful graduates imbued with 1) values reflective of a humanist orientation (e.g., fundamental respect for others as human beings with intrinsic rights, cultural rootedness, an avocation to serve); 2) analytical and problem solving skills; 3) the ability to think through the ethical and social implications of a given course of action; and 4) the competency to learn continuously throughout life—that will enable them to live meaningfully in a complex, rapidly changing and globalized world while engaging [in] their community and the nation's development issues and concerns.1

The rest of the goals - to produce graduates with high levels of academic, thinking, behavioral, and technical skills/competencies aligned with national and, when applicable, international standards; provide focused support for research; and help improve the quality of Filipino life—are also consistent with the purposes of general education. The fundamental purpose of higher education, therefore, is not only to develop knowledgeable and competent graduates in a particular field, but also well-rounded individuals who appreciate knowledge in a general sense, are open-minded because of it, secure in their identities as individuals and as Filipinos, and cognizant of their role in the life of the nation and the larger community.

Section1. Goals and Context of General Education

General education thus lays the groundwork for the development of a professionally competent, humane and moral person. It also prepares the Filipino for the demands of 21st century life and the requisite abilities to anticipate and adapt to swiftly changing situations, to think innovatively, and

¹ CHED Memorandum Order No. 46 s. 2012, "Policy-Standard to Enhance Quality Assurance (QA) in Philippine Higher Education through an Outcomes-Based and Typology-Based QA," 11 December 2012.









create solutions to problems. General education enables the Filipino to find and locate her/himself in the community and the world, take pride in and hopefully assert her/his identity and sense of community and nationhood amid the forces of globalization. As life becomes more complex, the necessity of appreciating the gifts of nature and addressing social problems in the general education program increasingly become more pressing.

In general education the holistic development of the person takes place in overlapping realms:

- Individual, where the student is enabled to develop her/his identity
 as a person, conscious of her/his talents, rights, and responsibilities
 toward the self and others;
- Filipino society and nation, where the individual is aware and proud
 of her/his collective identity, and able to contribute meaningfully to
 the development of Filipino society at local and national levels;
- Global community, where the Filipino student recognizes and respects the fundamental humanity of all, respects and appreciates diversity, and cares about the problems that affect the world.

In sum, knowing the self, Filipino society, the world, and the environment and how these intersect are the goals of general education.

Section 2. General Education Outcomes

Categorized into: 1) Intellectual Competencies; 2) Personal and Civic Competencies; and 3) Practical Responsibilities, the proposed General Education Curriculum aims to develop the following competencies-based outcomes.

Category	Competencies
Intellectual competencies	 Higher levels of comprehension (textual, visual, etc.) Proficient and effective communication (writing, speaking, and use of new technologies) Understanding of basic concepts across the domains of knowledge







	 Critical, analytical, and creative thinking Application of different analytical modes (quantitative and qualitative, artistic and scientific, textual and visual experimental, observation, etc.) in tackling problem methodically
Personal and civic responsibilities	 Appreciation of the human condition Capacity to personally interpret the human experience Ability to view the contemporary world from both Philippine and global perspectives Self-assuredness in knowing and being Filipino Capacity to reflect critically on shared concerns and think of innovative, creative solutions guided by ethica standards Ability to reflect on moral norms/imperatives as they affect individuals and society Ability to appreciate and contribute to artistic beauty Understanding and respect for human rights Ability to contribute personally and meaningfully to the country's development
Practical skills	 Working effectively in a group Application of computing and information technology to assist and facilitate research Ability to negotiate the world of technology responsibly Problem-solving (including real-world problems) Basic work-related skills and knowledge

In practice these outcomes mean, among others, that GE courses extend beyond the orientation of specific disciplines and require higher-level reading, research and writing competencies. In conventional practice these are requirements that GE faculty tend to leave to major courses. Under the proposed GEC, however, these lie at the core of the program

Section 3. Revised Core Courses

As proposed, the GEC will be reduced to a minimum of 36 units, distributed as follows:

- 24 units of core courses;
- 9 units of elective courses; and







3 units on the life and works of Rizal (as mandated by law).

The general education courses maybe taught in English or Filipino.

The eight core courses are described below. Brief explanations of each course are appended to this proposal (Annex A).

Description of GE Core Courses

Title	Description
Understanding the Self/Pag-unawa sa Sarili	Nature of identity; factors and forces that affect the development and maintenance of personal identity/ Mga katangian at elemento ng identidad; mga salik at mga puwersa na umaapekto sa paghubog at pagpatnubay sa personal na identidad.
Readings in Philippine History/ Mga Babasahín hinggil sa Kasaysayan ng Pilipinas	Philippine History viewed from the lens of selected primary sources in different periods, analysis and interpretation./ Mga piling primaryang sanggunian ukol sa iba't ibang yugto ng kasaysayan ng Pilipinas, pagsusuri at interpretasyon.
The Contemporary World/ Ang Kasalukuyang Daigdig	Globalization and its impact on individuals, communities and nations, challenges and responses./ Globalisasyon at ang epekto nito sa mga indibidwal, mga komunidad, at mga nasyon; mga hamon at mga tugon.
Mathematics in the Modern World/ Matematika sa Makabagong Daigdig	Nature of mathematics, appreciation of its practical, intellectual, and aesthetic dimensions, and application of mathematical tools in daily life./ Mga elemento ng matematika, pagpapahalaga sa mga praktikal, intelektuwal, at estetikong dimensiyon nito; at gamit ng matematika sa araw araw na buhay.
Purposive Communication/ Malayuning Komunikasyon Art Appreciation/ Pagpapahalaga	Writing, speaking and presenting to different audiences and for various purposes./Pagsulat, pagsasalita, at paglalahad para sa iba't ibang madla at iba't ibang layunin. Nature, function and appreciation of the arfs in contemporary society./ Kalikasan, tungkulin, at







sa Sining	pagpapahalaga sa mga sining sa kasalukuyang lipunan.
Science, Technology and Society/ Agham, Teknolohiya, at Lipunan	Interactions between science and technology and social, cultural, political and economic contexts which shape and are shaped by them; specific examples throughout human history of scientific and technological developments./ Interaksyon in agham at teknolohiya at ang mga kontekstong panlipunan, pangkultura, pampulitika, at pangkabuhayan na humuhubog at hinuhubog ng mga ito; mga yaman halimbawa ng mga pagbabago na siyentipiko at teknolohiko sa kasaysayan ng sangkatauhan.
Ethics/ Etika	Principles of ethical behavior in modern society at the level of the person, society, and in interaction with the environment and other shared resources./ Mga simulain ng ugaling pang-etika sa makabagong lipunan sa antas na pantao at panlipunan at sa ugnayan ng mga ito sa kalikasan at sa ibang kolektibong yaman.

The core courses are inter-disciplinary and are stated broadly enough to accommodate a range of perspectives and approaches. Starting with the self, the courses expand to cover the nation and the world and various ways of comprehending social and natural realities (artistic, scientific, mathematical). Two other important dimensions are given attention: communicating in different modalities and for varied purposes, and basic ethical considerations that enable communities and societies to live peaceably in the face of competing claims, opposing viewpoints, and diverse faiths and cultures.

Section 4. General Education Electives

A total of nine units, the elective courses, each must qualify as a $\operatorname{\mathsf{GE}}$ subject where it must:

- Conform to the philosophy and goals of General Education as stated in this document;
- 2. Apply an inter- or cross-disciplinary perspective; and







 Draw materials, cases or examples from Philippine realities and experiences, and not just from those of other countries.

In addition, the electives must cover at least any two domains of knowledge (arts and humanities; social sciences and philosophy; and science, technology and mathematics). They may not all be taken from a single domain so as to ensure some balance across disciplines and retain the well-rounded character of General Education.

Although GE electives are categorized by knowledge domain, primarily to ensure a balanced and well-rounded course design, the content and perspectives of the GE electives traverse disciplinal borders. Below are some examples.

Mathematics, Science & Technology	 Environmental Science. Interrelationships among components of the natural world; environmental problems, their causes, associated risks, preventive measures and alternative solutions People and the Earth's Ecosystems. Impact of human activities on the environment; consequences of environmental modification on human activity Human Reproduction: Biocultural and Ecological Perspectives. Human reproduction from the perspective of human ecology; environmental, socioeconomic, and cultural factors that affect human reproduction Living in the IT Era. Science, culture and ethics of information technology, its influence on modern living and human relationships, and uses for personal, professional, and social advancement
Social Sciences & Philosophy	 Religions, Religious Experiences and Spirituality. Role and impact of religions and spirituality on human history and personal life Philippine Indigenous Communities. Indigenous groups in the Philippines, their way of life, role in and contribution to Filipino society Gender and Society. Gender as a social construction, its role in and impact on different facets of societal life The Entrepreneurial Mind. Meaning and attributes of entrepreneurship (e.g., innovativeness, risk-taking and self reliance), the social role and impact of entrepreneurship







Arts & Humanities (A&H)

- Great Books. Selected masterpieces to be read in their entirety
- <u>Philippine Popular Culture</u>. New forms in art, music, and literature arising from opportunities and demands of mass audiences, markets and mass media, and their social, economic, and political contexts
- <u>Indigenous Creative Crafts</u>. Traditional forms of weaving, woodwork and other crafts, where they are done, how and by whom, and their artistic and social purposes
- Reading Visual Art. Visual art including film as text, techniques of reading and analysis

ARTICLE II TRANSITORY PROVISIONS

Section 1. General Provision

Prior to the entry of the first batch of Grade 12 students to college in AY 2018-2019, higher education institutions with higher education development assistance of CHED shall prepare the basic requirements in the implementation of the revised GE curriculum as follows:

- Orientation and training of GE faculty so as to: (i) orient them toward the philosophy of liberal education, away from the disciplinal and remedial thrust of current GE courses; (ii) enable them to teach the core courses using new material; and (iii) recognize best practices in general education.
- Design of new, interesting, challenging elective courses that satisfy the GE criteria, including the emphasis on competence-based outcomes;
- 3. Development of up-to-date and appropriate course syllabi, readings, materials and resources; and
- 4. Development of a Monitoring and Assessment System of GE programs as implemented by the various departments or colleges and universities, including a provision for the regular review of the GE program.

Section 2. Provision for Transition in Some Private Basic Education Schools







In light of the transition models implemented by some private basic education schools where they re-label the grades, such that students will graduate as early as 2016, the new GE shall be implemented earlier than 2018.

ARTICLE XIII REPEALING CLAUSE

All previous issuances pertaining to general education curriculum that are inconsistent with the provisions of this CMO are deemed repealed, revoked, or rescinded after the transitory provisions are implemented.

ARTICLE XIV EFFECTIVITY

This CMO shall take effect fifteen (15) days after the publication in an official gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation.

Issued this 28 day of June 2013.

PATRICIA B. LICUANAN, Ph.D.

Chairperson







Appendix A

BRIEF EXPLANATION OF GE CORE COURSES

 <u>Understanding the Self.</u> Nature of identity; factors and forces that affect the development and maintenance of personal identity. 3 units.

Adolescence is a developmental stage commonly thought to be a time of physical, emotional, and psychological vulnerability. Foremost among the concerns of this life stage are issues of self and identity. The course is intended to enable the process of exploration and thereby help students arrive at an understanding of the concepts of personality, self and identity. Two major objectives are thus envisioned: the introduction of major theories of personality—its nature, development and dynamics as well as those forces and factors that lead to the formation of a self and identity; and the provision of experiential learning so as to ground these theories and perspectives in students' concerns and issues relating to their personal self and identity.

Thus self-discovery exercises and activities, reflection papers and personal journals will be used as the focal point of lectures and class discussions, thereby providing the foundation and structure for all course learnings. Other learning tools such as personality tests and measures will also be used.

At the end of the course, the student is expected to have acquired: (a) a basic knowledge of personality theories; (b) a better understanding of their personality, self and identity, along with knowledge of the influential forces which impact on these such as gender, culture, family and relationships; and (c) basic skills in managing the self and identity.

2. Readings in Philippine History. Philippine history viewed from the lens of selected primary sources in different periods, analysis and interpretation. 3 units.

The course aims to expose students to different facets of Philippine history through the lens of eyewitnesses. Rather than rely on secondary material such as textbooks, which is the usual approach in teaching Philippine history, different types of primary sources will be used—written (qualitative and quantitative), oral, visual, audio-visual, digital—covering various aspects of Philippine life (political, economic, social, cultural). Students are expected to analyze the







selected readings contextually and in terms of content (stated and implied). The end goal is to enable students to understand and appreciate our rich past by deriving insights from those who were actually present at the time of the event.

Contextual analysis considers the following: (i) the historical context of the source (time and place it was written and the situation at the time), (ii) the author's background, intent (to the extent discernible), and authority on the subject; and (iii) the source's relevance and meaning today.

Content analysis, on the other hand, applies appropriate techniques depending on the type of source (written, oral, visual). In the process students will be asked, for example, to identify the author's main argument or thesis, compare points of view, identify bias, and evaluate the author's claims based on the evidence presented or other available evidence at the time. The course will guide the students through their reading and analysis of the texts and require them to write reaction essays of varied length and present their ideas in other ways (debate format, power point presentation, letter to the author of the source, etc.).

The instructor may arrange the readings chronologically or thematically, and start with the present (more familiar) and go back to the earlier periods or vice-versa.

3. <u>The Contemporary World</u>. Globalization and its impact on individuals, societies and communities, challenges and responses. 3 units.

The course aims to introduce students to the state of the world today and the new global order. What does "globalization" mean both theoretically and from the perspective of individuals and societies affected by global firms, processes, and movements? The phenomenon of globalization is thus examined from a variety of perspectives as well as its effects on traditional cultures and communities, nations and political institutions, and local, national and regional economies.

Students will be asked to identify the challenges posed by globalization and consider responses to these challenges as demonstrated by experiences on the ground. For this purpose, students will produce case studies of communities (in the Philippines and other countries) experiencing the impact of globalization and their respective responses to issues that arise. There are global civil societies engaged in advocacies relating to climate and environmental protection, for









example, human trafficking across borders, the application of advances in science and technology to serve some of the world's poorest communities, and so on. There are, too, communities that have managed, in varying degrees of success, to deal with the effects, good and bad, of globalization.

The course will focus on contemporary global conditions from a Filipino perspective primarily and also as a member of the global community. Through a combination of readings, class discussions, writing and group presentations, the students are expected to formulate an understanding of globalization that is theoretically informed and rooted in the experiences of communities and nations.

Mathematics in the Modern World. Nature of mathematics, appreciation
of its practical, intellectual, and aesthetic dimensions, and application of
mathematical tools in daily life. 3 units.

The course begins with an introduction to the nature of mathematics as an exploration of patterns (in nature and the environment) and as an application of inductive and deductive reasoning. By exploring these topics, students are encouraged to go beyond the typical understanding of mathematics as merely a bunch of formulas, but as a source of aesthetics in patterns of nature, for example, and a rich language in itself (and of science) governed by logic and reasoning.

The course then proceeds to survey ways in which mathematics provides a tool for understanding and dealing with various aspects of present day living, such as managing personal finances, making social choices, appreciating geometric designs, understanding codes used in data transmission and security, and dividing limited resources fairly. These aspects will provide opportunities for actually doing mathematics in a broad range of exercises that bring out the various dimensions of mathematics as a way of knowing and test the students' understanding and capacity.

5. <u>Purposive Communication</u>. Writing, speaking and presenting to different audiences and for various purposes. 3 units.

The five skills of communication (listening, speaking, reading, writing, viewing) are studied and simulated in advanced academic settings, such as conversing intelligently on a subject of import, reporting on group work and/or assignments, writing and delivering a formal speech, writing minutes of meetings









and similar documents, preparing a research or technical paper, and making an audio-visual or web-based presentation. In the process, the criteria for effective communication are discussed and used as the basis of peer evaluation of communication exercises in the class as well as for judging communication techniques used by public officials, educators, industry leaders, churches, and private individuals. The purpose of these combined activities is to enable students to practice strategies of communication with a clear purpose and audience in mind, guided by the criteria of effective communication and the appropriate language.

At the end of the course, students should be able to listen, comprehend, critique, and respond to live or recorded conversations, speak in public with confidence, explain extended texts in their own words using examples and other aids to bolster their explanation, write texts ranging from a simple report to a full-length technical or research paper (scientific, social science, or literary, depending on the student's major), and prepare an audio-visual or web-based presentation on an assigned topic.

Art Appreciation. Nature, function and appreciation of the arts in contemporary society. 3 units.

The course aims to provide students the opportunity to observe, participate in, or otherwise experience works of art in order to appreciate their role and purpose in life. Students will be exposed to various works of art, ranging from the classical art forms to modern art installations, performance art, indie films, enhanced e-books, and multimedia aesthetics. These works of art will be examined from an aesthetic point of view and also as reflections or critiques of the societies that produced them. The course will thus build upon and hone the skill of understanding, critical appreciation, and expression of one's views.

At the end of the course, students should be able to approach a work of art from a perspective informed by the history and tradition of art and the social milieu in which it was produced as well as the perspective of aesthetics. Such an approach would require a written appraisal of the meaning and value of the works of art taken up in class and possibly some within the immediate vicinity of the student's experience. The written essays must clearly demonstrate not only understanding and appreciation of a specified work of art, but also a sense of the work's importance in life and history.









7. <u>Science, Technology and Society</u>. Interactions between science and technology and social, cultural, political and economic contexts which shape and are shaped by them; specific examples throughout human history of scientific and technological developments. 3 units.

The course is designed to enable students to appreciate, in broad terms, the societal impact of developments in science and technology at the global and national level. This includes a review of the history of science and technology globally—from the prehistoric era all the way to today's advances in sciences and technology—and similarly in the Philippines, including science policy. The historical survey, which is grounded on an understanding of basic science concepts, will examine how these developments have affected the course of human society: politically, economically, and socially (including culturally).

The second part of the course focuses on current issues arising from the application of science and technology, how such applications relate to ethical and political decisions in both the public and private sector, and their effects (positive and negative) on society and life in general. Examples of issues that can be taken up are:

- Climate change
- Food security
- The environment and natural resource management
- Biotechnology including genetic engineering
- Medical ethics (human experimentation)
- Health policy
- Neurobiology
- The revolution in ICT
- Intellectual property rights over patents and discoveries from bioprospecting
- Weapons of mass destruction
- Impact assessment of technology

The course entails a variety of readings, group discussions, and research, culminating in a presentation of findings regarding a particular issue.

8. <u>Ethics</u>. Principles of ethical behavior in modern society at the level of the person, society, and in interaction with the environment and other shared resources. 3 units.







The course introduces students to the ethical dimension of human existence at various levels—personal, societal, environmental, and cultural. What is ethics, how is it framed and practiced, and what is its value to society and the person are the major questions the course seeks to answer. The first part lays the groundwork—the meaning of ethics—and leads students through the analysis of human experience, linking it to elements of the ethical dimension. Part one of the course culminates in the students' ability to translate human experiences into ethical cases.

The second part of the course takes students through the various classical ethical frameworks—utilitarianism, deontological ethics, virtue ethics, and natural ethics—providing them with the tools by which to articulate and analyze the ethical cases they constructed. These frameworks also embed sets of values that students will be asked to examine. This portion of the course culminates in the students' ability to express their constructed ethical cases in the language and form of particular ethical frameworks.

The last part guides students through the analysis and evaluation of the strengths and weaknesses of the various ethical frameworks and their value to human life and society. The end goal is for students to be able to make informed decisions on their constructed ethical cases.

The course will require considerable reading, discussion and writing, as students learn about ethical frameworks, raise questions, reflect, comment upon, and evaluate the frameworks and ethical cases they construct in class.







Appendix B

RATIONALE FOR CHANGE

Changed internal and external conditions have prompted the revision of the present general education program. The external factors:

Today's world, as Carol Schneider, president of the Association of American Colleges and Universities, puts it, is no longer a 'multiple-choice' world; instead, 'big-picture thinking' is in demand² amid the complexity of life and the massive explosion of knowledge across all fields. The globalized, technology-driven world order, with effects both good and ill, has also spawned different types of realities and problems that individuals and societies are expected to deal with in different facets of life. Issues of health, climate change, crime, and socio-economic disparity are no longer confined to national borders, making a broad understanding of the world imperative. At the same time, to make sense of the world, perspectives must be grounded in home realities and securely anchored on a sense of personal and national identity and self-understanding.

These external changes in turn impose new demands on higher learning. The GEC must make room for some flexibility (in contrast to its present fully-prescribed structure) so that students are able to adapt to changing conditions. The curriculum must broaden the student's horizon for understanding humanity, life and the world today in all their diversity and complexity. A keener ability to conceptualize, reflect, analyze, and create solutions in a collaborative way is also in order, as is the ability to connect developments and appreciate nuances beyond tailored responses to longstanding problems that metamorphose over time into new and possibly more injurious forms.

Internally, the rationale for revising the GE curriculum stems from the need for a more holistic and less disciplinal program than what exists at present, where goals are described by separate knowledge domains instead of as a whole,

² Carol Geary Schneider, "In Defense of a Liberal Education," Forbes, 10 August 2009 http://www.forbes.com/2009/08/10/liberal-arts-education-curriculum-degree-opinions-colleges-geary-schneider.html Accessed 31 May 2010.







and where courses tend to be taught as introductory or foundation courses of the discipline rather than as general education courses.

Moreover, the present GEC requires remedial courses such as in math and communication that detract from the liberal education character of the program. Instead the general education attends to basic knowledge and skills that ought to have been learned in basic education. Two significant developments in the country's educational system, however, warrant a serious revision of the GEC, namely:

- College readiness standards developed by the CHED Technical Panel on General Education, approved by CHED and adopted by the Department of Education; and
- K-12 basic education curriculum, which hinges on college- and work-ready (drafted by TESDA) standards that define the content and competencies that Grade 12 students must have acquired upon graduation.









APPENDIX C

COLLEGE READINESS STANDARDS GOALS

Overall, college readiness standards expect K-12 education to connect the individual student with local, national and global communities, concerns, and challenges. Concretely, K to 12 graduates should be able to:

- 1. Produce all forms of texts (e.g., written, oral, visual, digital) based on:
 - Solid grounding on Philippine experience and culture;
 - An understanding of the self, community, and nation;
 - Application of critical and creative thinking and doing processes;
 - Competency in formulating ideas/arguments logically, scientifically, and creatively; and
 - Clear appreciation of one's responsibility as a citizen of a multicultural Philippines and a diverse world.
- 2. Systematically apply knowledge, understanding, theory, and skills for the development of the self, local, and global communities using prior learning, inquiry, and experimentation;
- Work comfortably with relevant technologies and develop adaptations and innovations for significant use in local and global communities;
- 4. Communicate with local and global communities with proficiency, orally, in writing, and through new technologies of communication; and
- 5. Interact meaningfully in a social setting and contribute to the fulfillment of individual and shared goals, respecting the fundamental humanity of all persons and the diversity of groups and communities.

The specific goals are framed within the subject areas, and were approved by CHED in 2011.3

³ CHED CEB Resolution No. 298-2011, 28 October 2011.







APPENDIX D

SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL CURRICULUM AND GENERAL EDUCATION

The college readiness standards serve as the partial basis of the curricula of Grades 11 and 12, especially for students aiming to take higher education. In broad strokes (since the details are still in the process of finalization), the senior high school curriculum possesses the following features.

- 1. It consists of: (i) a core curriculum for all SHS students consisting of subjects in English (108 hours), Filipino, literature, communication, mathematics, natural science, social science, and philosophy, which conform to the college readiness standards; and (ii) three tracks that will prepare the student for either work or college.
- 2. Students shall choose from among three tracks: (i) Technical-Vocational-Livelihood (TVL); (ii) Academic (humanities, education and social sciences (HESS); science, technology, engineering and math (STEM); and business, accountancy, and management (BAM); and (iii) Sports and Arts.

The specific subjects within the different strands of the academic track are currently being fleshed out. The academic track as a whole appears in Table 2 (next page).

Putting the college readiness standards together with the foregoing features of the senior high school curriculum, one can safely assume that:

- Core subjects in grades 11 and 12 will consume the remedial courses in the present GE curriculum, especially in communication, mathematics and science; and
- Certain specialized courses in the academic track will exceed the remedial level of current GE courses.

As a result of changes in the basic education curriculum, portions of the present GE program will become unnecessary or irrelevant.







Proposed Senior High School Colliculum B for Academic Track** (In Maximum Number of Hours)

LEARNING AREA		SUBJECT	GRA	DE 11	GRA		
			1 st Sem	2 nd Sem	1 st Sem	2 nd Sem	Tota
		Oral Communication / Reading & Writing	54	54			108
	Language	Talastasang Filipino sa Lipunang Pilipino / Pagbasa, Pagsulat, Pananaliksik sa Wika at Kulturang Filipino	54	54			108
Literature	21st Century Phil. Lit. from the Regions			54		54	
	Literatore	21st Century Literatures of the World				54	54
	Communication	Media & Information Literacy			54		54
	Mathematics	General Math / Statistics & Probability	54	54			108
	Philosophy	Intro to Philosophy of the Human Person				54	54
	Natural	Life/Physical Sciences – Lecture	54	54			108
	Science *	Life/Physical Sciences – Laboratory	54	. 54			108
	Social Sciences	Personal Development / Understanding Society & Culture	54	54			108

^{*} For BAM and HESS Strands only; STEM students will go through enriched Natural Science



^{**} Approved by Br. Armin Luistro and Sub-TWG for SHS on 27 February 2013



LEARNING AREA	SUBJECT	GRA	DE 11	GRA	DE 12	_ Total
		1 st Sem	2 nd Sem	1 st Sem	2 nd Sem	
Academic	STRANDS	108	108	270	270	756
	Total Hours (Core + Track)	432	432	378	378	1620
	Hours/Day (maximum)	4.8	4.8	4.2	4.2	





. APPENDIX E

DIFFERENCES BETWEEN PRESENT AND THE REVISED GENERAL EDUCATION CURRICULUM

The revised GEC differs from the present curriculum in the following ways. First, the new GE program has clearly articulated goals and outcomes. In general education the conventional emphasis has been the structure and content of required GE courses. Rarely do higher learning institutions take a look at the teaching and learning processes that take place, which, in practice, translate into outcomes. The GE Technical Panel has taken note of this omission and proposes the outcomes outlined earlier.

Second, because it is outcome-oriented, the proposed GEC highlights competencies in addition to the standard emphasis on content. GE history, for instance, will not just entail factual knowledge but also critical competencies ranging from detecting bias, appreciating the effect of perspective on the construction and understanding of history, and interpreting facts.

Third, the revised program is leaner and more in keeping with the liberal nature of general education. From the current requirement of 63/51 units, a minimum of 36 units of courses is proposed across the three basic domains of math and science, social sciences and philosophy, and arts and humanities. The proposed GEC strips away remedial courses, those that duplicate subjects in Grades 11 and 12, and introductory courses to the disciplines.

Finally, the new GE program provides an element of choice through nine units of elective courses. The electives can accommodate a university's particular philosophy and address new developments that students must know. In this manner the GE program remains current and perhaps even futuristic, preparing students for life in this century.







APPENDIX F

IMPLEMENTATION AND TIMETABLE

The GE courses need not be taken all in one year; they can be scheduled across the years for optimum effectiveness as determined by the department, college or university.

The new GE curriculum will take effect in AY 2018-2019 or when the first batch of Grade 12 students graduate. Within this time frame, it is imperative that higher education institutions consider and prepare the requirements of the revised GEC, namely:

- Orientation and training of GE faculty so as to: (i) orient them toward the philosophy of liberal education, away from the disciplinal and remedial thrust of current GE courses; (ii) enable them to teach the core courses using new material; and (iii) recognize best practices in general education.
- Design of new, interesting, challenging elective courses that satisfy the GE criteria, including the emphasis on competence-based outcomes;
- Development of up-to-date and appropriate course syllabi, readings, materials and resources; and
- Monitoring and assessment of GE programs as implemented by the various departments or colleges and universities, including a provision for the regular review of the GE program.

The timetable followed by the TPGE* is as follows.

To Be Done	'12	'13	'14	115	116	117	118
Public consultations (TCs, TPs, HEls)	27 E.L.Y						
Finalization of GE curriculum							
Submission of GEC for approval							
Preparation of course materials		E MA	45				
Formulation of training design		234	50 et . 3 927 et .				
Training of GE faculty			1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -				
Design of monitoring and assessment scheme							
Implementation of new GEC							







APPENDIX G

DOCUMENTATION OF PUBLIC CONSULTATIONS

1. PUBLIC CONSULTATIONS, AUGUST-SEPTEMBER 2012

HEI CONCERNS ABOUT K-12

	· ·
Senior high school pathways	 Is DepEd prepared to cater to different streams in senior high school for technical/vocational programs and degree programs in various disciplines?
Entrance tests and student preparedness for college	 Is there legislation that says those who complete 12 years of basic education are automatically admitted to college? Is it possible to offer two entrance exams: one for entry into senior high school, and another for college? Will the NCEE or a similar test be worked out to ensure that Grade 12 graduates are ready for college? If a student takes the technical/vocational track in senior high school, can s/he take science in college?
Teacher preparedness for senior high school	 Who will teach the physics and calculus courses in senior high school? In general, are high school teachers ready for the Grades 11 and 12 curricula? Can they comply with the college ready standards
HEI faculty teaching senior high school	 In light of the present capabilities of high school teacher, HEIs should be allowed to teach Grades 11 and 12. Can they without having to go through the 'modeling' approach adopted by the Department of Education? If HEI faculty who will teach technical subjects in senior high school must possess NC1 and NC2 credentials, must those who teach the academic track pass the LET? Some HEIs are giving their faculty a crash course in education subjects so that they can qualify for the LET.

(E)





Appendix H

2. Public Consultations, August-September 2012

TECHNICAL COMMITTEES/ PANELS/ HEIS CONCERNS ABOUT THE NEW GEC

Prior to the nationwide public consultations, the TPGE consulted the CHED Technical Panels and Committees on 2 August 2012. More than 200 took part in the day-long consultation.

Table 5. Number of Attendees in Consultation with Technical Committees/Panels, 2 August 2012

Technical Panel/Committee	Number of Attendees
Criminal Justice Education	12
Business Education	20
Humanities	17
Teacher Education	6
Social Sciences	9 .
Non-Conventional Higher Education	4
Health-Related Programs	27
Information Technology	9
Architecture	9
Engineering	14
Maritime	5
Agriculture	12
NAFES	3
Science and Mathematics	20
CHED NCR office	9
CHED OPS/CHEDCO	39
Total	215

The proposed GEC was generally welcomed. No negative opinion or opposition was expressed. One principal concern, however, is the need to train GE faculty, especially those who will teach the core courses as these are not only different but also challenging. Assistance will also be needed by some HEIs in the formulation of their GE electives. A couple of participants asked about the absence of their disciplines (e.g., music, philosophy) in the core courses and the need for an emphasis on civics and cultural literacy. Other questions had to do







with whether existing requirements such as the Rizal course and NSTP, which are mandated by law, and PE can be moved to senior high school.

3. Public Consultations with HEIs

Following the meeting with CHED panels, the TPGE held public Consultations with stakeholders in August and September 2012. A total of 708 individuals from 561 HEIs and 44 other individual stakeholders took part in the Consultations (see table next page).

Like the CHED Technical Panels, the HEIs expressed some apprehension about the impact of K-12, particularly Grades 11 and 12, on higher education. Although these questions lie outside general education, they are presented in Annex B because they could have an effect on the GE program and also because the participants asked that these issues be referred to the Commission.

Table 6. Number of Attendees in Nationwide Public Consultations, August-September 2012

		Number	of Att	endees
Consultation Site/Date	Region	From HE	ls	Other
	3	Individuals	HEIs	Individuals
Luzon	NCR	198	109	7
(CHED head office)		18	12	1
14 September 2012	II	17	13	. 1
	H	38	28	1
	IV-A	54	42	1
	IV-B	1	-1	3
	V	26	23	2
	CAR	9	47	1
Visayas	VI	16	10	1
(Crown Regency Hotel,	VII	111	93	4
Cebu City), 7 Sept 2012	VIII	38	30	1
Mindanao	IX	7	4	1
(Grand Men Seng Hotel,	X	12	9	1
Davao City)	XI	104	90	.12
31 August 2012	XII	34	28	2
	CARAGA	9	9	1.
	ARMM	16	13	4
Total Number		708	561	44







The second set of questions raised during the public consultations dealt with the proposed GE program, such as:

- Tension between general and major courses
- Flexibility and number of units of GE units
- Standardized course content
- Removal of remedial courses
- Implementation date
- GE materials
- Displacement of GE faculty owing to the reduced number of GE courses

	Query/Comment	Response
Tension	With the reduced number of GE	The proposed GEC provides for
between	units, HEIs might increase the	a minimum number of 36 units.
general and	number of their major courses,	HEIs may add courses to the
major courses	resulting in a tug-of-war between	required minimum.
	general and specialized	
	education. Do HEIs have the	
	option to offer more than the 36	
	GE units so that the role of GE in	•
	higher education is not	
	diminished?	
Flexibility and	Some HEIs require more than	 Existing liberal arts course,
number of units	the current requirement of	provided their character is
	63/51 units. If the total number	consistent with general
	is reduced to 36 units as	education (and they are not
	proposed, what will happen to	remedial, they are not
	the other liberal arts courses	introductory disciplinary
	currently in place?	course), may be offered as
		GE electives.
	Can we be allowed to add institutional accuracy aspecially.	Yes since the proposed number of GE units is the
	institutional courses especially	minimum, and if the
	among private schools? If yes, how do we standardize/limit	institutional courses are
	the number of these	liberal education in nature.
	institutional courses?	The HIE will have to set its
	mamonan coorses	own limits on the number
	Is it right to say that HEIs may	and content of the









	add other elective course on top of the 9 units mentioned?	institutional courses. • Yes.
Removal of remedial courses	Instead of term 'remove' remedial course from the GE program, why not we use 'adjust' these course because we can expect that certain students will still need remedial help. HEIs will have to be flexible.	
Standardize Course content	Are we also to standardize the content and implementation of the	Once the GE revisions are approved, the TPGE will work out
	core courses, such as, for example, the readings in Philippine history?	the syllabi, course materials and readings for the core courses. HEI may, of course, enrich the readings with other material. In this manner the basic content will be satisfied. As for the implementation of the GEC, this will primarily be the responsibility of the HEIs. The TPGE will design a monitoring and review scheme in consultation with the HEIs to ensure that the program runs as planned.
Start of Implementation	Is 2018 the correct date of implementation of the new GE or should it not be 2016?	2018 is when we expect graduates of the regular and full implementation of K to 12. But it is true that even now, there are private basic education schools implementing a so-called transition program where they re-label the grades so as to comply with the 12 required grades. In this case some students will graduate as early







		as 2016. The TPGE will therefore suggest that the CMO on the new GE indicate implementation earlier than 2018 in light of the transition models by private schools.
GE Materials	Ensure that materials (syllabi, readings etc.) become available to all regions because some, like Region V, have had difficulty accessing materials.	The materials will be uploaded on the CHED website to ensure
GE faculty displacement	What is the stand of CHED regarding the GE faculty who face the likelihood of displacement with the reduced number of GE units?	

It is important to emphasize that after all the discussions, the public hearings concluded with the participants' acceptance of the proposed GEC.









Professional / Technical Elective	Units	Code				St	ude	ent	Out	tcor	ne			
Courses	Omes	Code	a	b	C	C	e	f	9	h	I	i	k	1
Computer Engineering as a Discipline	1	P-01									Г	,		
Programming Logic and Design	2	P-02			1							1		
Discrete Math	3	P-03	1	T		T			T		T	T		T
Numerical Methods	3	P-04	E			T					T	T	1	\vdash
Object Oriented Programming	2	P-05			E								1	\vdash
Data Structures and Algorithms	2	P-06			E								<u> </u>	
Software Design	4	P-07			E						T			
Logic Circuits and Design	4	P-08		E										
Fundamentals of Mixed Signals and Sensors	3	A-09	Ε											
Operating Systems	3	P-10								170			E	П
Data and Digital Communications	3	P-11	Ε											
Introduction to HDL	1	P-12			Ε									
Feedback and Control Systems	3	P-13	Ε											П
Basic Occupational Health and Safety	3	P-14								Ε				
Computer Networks and Security	4	P-15			Ε				1					
Microprocessors	4	P-16			Е									
Methods of Research	2	P-17		Ε		E	Ε		Ε		Ε			
CpE Laws and Professional Practice	2	P-18						E						
Embedded Systems	4	P-19			E									٦
Computer Architecture and Organization	4	P-20			E									
Digital Signal Processing	3	P-21	Ε											
Emerging Technologies in CpE	1	P-22										Ε		
Seminars and Fieldtrips	3	P-23									D	D		
CpE Practice and Design 1	1	P-24					D	D	D	D		D		
CpE Practice and Design 2	2	P-25	D	D	D	D			D		D		D	D
On the Job Training	3	P-26			D	D	D	D			D		D	Д
Cognate / Track Course 1	3	P-27												Ī
Cognate / Track Course 2	3	P-28												\exists
Cognate / Track Course 3	3	P-29										1		7

Allied Courses	Units	Code	Student Outcom								1e	e				
	Omis	Code	a	b	С	d	е	f	q	h	i	i	K	1		
Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits	4	A-01	Ε													
Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits	4	A-02	Ε													

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Mathematics / Natural & Physical	ll-ir					Stu	idei	nt (Out	con	ne			
Sciences / Basic Engineering / Non-Technical Courses	Units	Code	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	j	i	k	1
Calculus 1	4	M-01	1						-	-			10000	ľ
Calculus 2	4	M-02	1											
Engineering Data Analysis	3	M-03	1	1										H
Differential Equation	3	M-04	1										1	
Chemistry for Engineers	4	NPS- 01	1											
Physics for Engineers	4	NPS- 02	1											
Computer-Aided Drafting	1	BES- 01	1					1						
Engineering Economics	3	BES- 02					1							E
Technopreneurship 101	3	BES- 03												
Science, Technology, Engineering and Society	3	GE-01								1		1		
Contemporary World	3	GE-02								- 1 3	1	1		_
Readings in Philippine History	3	GE-03						1				1		
Understanding the Self	3	GE-04							1		1	1		
Art Appreciation	3	GE-05				1	П			1				
Purposive Communication	3	GE-06						1	9	1				_
Mathematics for the Modern World	3	GE-07	1				1							
Ethics	3	GE-08								1		1		
Free Elective	3	GEM- 03												
Life and Works of Rizal	3	GEM- 04								1		1		
PE 1	2	PE-01				1								
PE 2	2	PE-02				1								
PE 3	2	PE-03				1						1	1	
PE 4	2	PE-04				1								_
NSTP 1	3	NSTP- 01				1						1		
NSTP 2	3	NSTP- 02				1						1		

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Republic of the Philippines OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT COMMISSION ON HIGHER EDUCATION

OFFICIAL OFFI

CHED MEMORANDUM ORDER No. <u>87</u> Series of 2017

SUBJECT: POLICIES, STANDARDS AND GUIDELINES FOR THE BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN COMPUTER ENGINEERING (BSCpE) EFFECTIVE (AY) 2018-2019

In accordance with the pertinent provisions of Republic Act (RA) No. 7722, otherwise known as the "Higher Education Act of 1994," in pursuance of an outcomes-based quality assurance system as advocated under CMO 46 s. 2012 (Policy-Standard to Enhance Quality Assurance (QA) in Philippine Higher Education through an Outcomes-Based and Typology-Based Quality Assurance) and as addendum to CMO 37, s. 2012 (Establishment of an Outcomes-Based Educational System in Higher Education Institutions offering Engineering Programs), and by virtue of Commission en banc Resolution No. 788-2017 dated October 24, 2017 the following Policies, Standards and Guidelines (PSG) are hereby adopted and promulgated by the Commission.

ARTICLE I

Section 1. Rationale

Based on the *Guidelines for the Implementation of CMO No. 46 series of 2012* and CMO 37 s. 2012, this PSG implements shift to outcomes based education leading to competency based standards. It specifies the "core competencies" expected of BS Computer Engineering graduates "regardless of the type of Higher Education Institutions (HEI) they graduate from." However, in recognition of outcomes-based education (OBE) and the typology of HEIs, this PSG also provide ample space for HEIs to innovate in the curriculum in line with the assessment of how best to achieve learning outcomes in their particular contexts and their respective missions.

ARTICLE II AUTHORITY TO OPERATE

Section 2. Government Recognition

All private higher education institutions (PHEIs) intending to offer BS Computer Engineering must first secure proper authority from the Commission in accordance with this PSG. All PHEIs with an existing BS Computer Engineering program are required to shift to an outcomesbased approach based on CMO 37, s. 2012 and guided by this PSG. State universities and colleges (SUCs), and local universities and

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colleges (LUCs) should likewise strictly adhere to the provisions in these policies and standards.

ARTICLE III GENERAL PROVISIONS

Per Section 13 of RA 7722, the higher education institution shall exercise academic freedom in its curricular offerings but must comply with the minimum requirements for specific academic programs, the general education distribution requirements and the specific professional courses.

Section 3. Minimum Standards

The Articles that follow give minimum standards and other requirements and guidelines. The minimum standards are expressed as a minimum set of desired program outcomes which are given in Article IV Section 6. CHED designed a curriculum to attain such outcomes. This curriculum is shown in Article V Section 10 and Section 11 as sample curriculum. The number of units of this curriculum is here prescribed as the "minimum unit requirement" under Section 13 of RA 7722. To assure alignment of the curriculum with the program outcomes, this PSG provides a sample curriculum map in Article V Section 12 for the HEI to refer to in compliance with the implementing guidelines of CMO 37, s.2012.

Using a learner-centered/outcomes-based approach, CHED provided a description of Outcomes-Based Teaching and Learning delivery method in Article V Section 13. A sample course syllabus is also given in Article V Section 14 as support to the outcomes-based delivery method. Based on the curriculum and the means of its delivery, CHED determines the physical resource requirements for the library, laboratories and other facilities and the human resource requirements in terms of Administration and faculty. These are provided for in Article VI.

Section 4. Curriculum Design

The HEIs are allowed to design curricula suited to their own contexts and missions provided that they can demonstrate that the same leads to the attainment of the required minimum set of outcomes, albeit by a different route. In the same vein, they have latitude in terms of curriculum delivery and in terms of specification and deployment of human and physical resources as long as they can show that the attainment of the program outcomes and satisfaction of program educational objectives can be assured by the alternative means they propose.

The HEIs can use the CHED Implementation Handbook for Outcomes-Based Education (OBE) and the Institutional Sustainability Assessment (ISA) as a guide in making their submissions for Sections 19 to 24 of Article VII.

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ARTICLE IV PROGRAM SPECIFICATIONS

Section 5. Program Description

5.1 Degree Name

The degree program described herein shall be called Bachelor of Science in Computer Engineering (BSCpE).

5.2 Nature of the Field of Study

The Bachelor of Science in Computer Engineering (BSCpE) is a program that embodies the science and technology of design, development, implementation, maintenance and integration of software and hardware components in modern computing systems and computer-controlled equipment

5.3 Characteristics of Computer Engineering Graduates

With the ubiquity of computers, computer-based systems and networks in the world today, computer engineers must be versatile in the knowledge drawn from standard topics in computer science and electrical engineering as well as the foundations in mathematics and sciences. Because of the rapid pace of change in the computing field, computer engineers must be life-long learners to maintain their knowledge and skills within their chosen discipline.

An important distinction should be made between computer engineers, electrical engineers, other computer professionals, and engineering technologists. While such distinctions are sometimes ambiguous, computer engineers generally should satisfy the following three characteristics.

- Possess the ability to design computers, computer-based systems and networks that include both hardware and software and their integration to solve novel engineering problems, subject to trade-offs involving a set of competing goals and constraints. In this context, "design" refers to a level of ability beyond "assembling" or "configuring" systems.
- Have a breadth of knowledge in mathematics and engineering sciences, associated with the broader scope of engineering and beyond that narrowly required for the field.
- 3. Acquire and maintain a preparation for professional practice in engineering.

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5.4 Program Educational Objectives

Program Educational Objectives (PEOs) are broad statements that describe the career and professional accomplishments that the program is preparing graduates to achieve within 3-5 years from graduation. PEOs should also be assessed and evaluated periodically for continuing improvement.

5.5 Knowledge Areas

The knowledge areas include the following but not limited to:
a) Circuits and Electronics
b) Computing Algorithms

- c) Computer Architecture and Organization
 d) Digital Design

- e) Embedded Systems f) Computer Networks
- g) Professional Practice h) Information Security

- Signal Processing Systems and Project Engineering
- k) Software Design
 I) Occupational Health and Safety
- m) Technopreneurship

5.6 Allied Programs

The allied programs of the BSCpE program are the following:

- Electrical Engineering
- b) Electronics Engineering
- Software Engineering Computer Science
- e) Information Technology
- These programs are those that may be considered as equivalent to the program for the purpose of determining faculty qualifications to handle allied and related courses to the program.

Section 6. Institutional and Program Outcomes

The minimum standards for the BS Computer Engineering program are expressed in the following minimum set of institutional and BSCpE program outcomes.

Institutional outcomes

a) Graduates of professional institutions must demonstrate a service orientation in one's profession,

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- b) Graduates of colleges must participate in various types of employment, development activities, and public discourses, particularly in response to the needs of the communities one serves c) Graduates of universities must participate in the generation of new
- knowledge or in research and development projects

 d) Graduates of State Universities and Colleges must, in addition, have the competencies to support "national, regional and local development plans." (RA 7722).
- e) Graduates of higher educational institutions must preserve and promote the Filipino historical and cultural heritage.

6.2. BSCpE Program Outcomes

By the time of graduation, the students of the program shall have the ability to:

- Ability to apply knowledge of mathematics and science to solve complex engineering problems;
- Ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data;
- Ability to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability, in accordance with standards:
- Ability to function on multidisciplinary teams; Ability to identify, formulate, and solve complex engineering problems; Understanding of professional and ethical responsibility;

- Ability to communicate effectively;
 Broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global, economic, environmental, and societal context;
- Recognition of the need for, and an ability to engage in life-long learning i)
- j) Knowledge of contemporary issues; k) Ability to use techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools
- necessary for engineering practice; and Knowledge and understanding of engineering and management principles as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

A PHEI, SUC, or LUC, at its option, may adopt mission-related program outcomes that are not included in the minimum set

Annex I presents the Competency Standards, Attributes and competencies of a Computer Engineer which should result from the program outcomes stated above.

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Section 7. Sample Performance Indicators

Performance Indicators (PIs) are specific, measurable statements identifying the performance(s) required to meet the outcome; confirmable through evidence.

Table 1. Sample Performance Indicators of a Program Outcome

Performance Outcomes			Performance Indicators				
f	Understanding of professional and ethical responsibility	1	Demonstrate knowledge of professional code of ethics				
		2	Evaluate the ethical and societal implications of a design solution to a problem in CpE				

Section 8. Program Assessment and Evaluation

Program Assessment refers to one or more processes that identify, collect, and prepare data to evaluate the attainment of Program Outcomes and Program Educational Objectives.

Program Evaluation pertains to one or more processes for interpreting the data and evidence accumulated from the assessment. Evaluation determines the extent at which the Program Outcomes and the Program Educational Objectives are achieved by comparing actual achievement versus set targets and standards. Evaluation results in decisions and actions regarding the continuous improvement of the program.

All HEIs are encouraged to form a Consultative Body to be part of the assessment and evaluation processes to be represented by the stakeholders.

8.1 Assessments and Evaluation of PEOs

The Assessment of Program Educational Objectives may include the following: the stakeholders of the program have to be contacted through surveys or focus group discussion to obtain feedback data on the extent of the achievement of the PEOs.

8.2. Assessment and Evaluation of POs

In the case of Program Outcomes Assessment, the defined Performance Indicators shall be connected to Key Courses (usually the Demonstrating or "D" courses in the Curriculum map), and an appropriate Assessment Methods (AM) may be applied. These methods may be direct or indirect depending on whether the demonstration of learning was measured by actual observation and authentic work of the student or through gathered opinions from the student or his peers. Refer to Table 2.

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Table 2. Sample Matrix Linking Performance Indicators with Key Courses, Assessment Methods, Set Targets and Standards

	Performance Indicators	KAV LOUISAS		Targets and Standards		
1	Demonstrate knowledge of professional code of ethics	ОЈТ	Employer Assessment Form (EAF)	60% of students enrolled in the course shall get at least a rating of 70%		
2	Evaluate the ethical and societal implications of a design solution to a problem in CpE	Design Project 2 (Project Implementation)	Rubric for Design Presentation (RDP)	60% of students enrolled in the course shall get at least a rating of 70%		

Other Methods of Program Assessment and Evaluation may be found in the CHED Implementation Handbook for Outcomes-Based Education (OBE) and Institutional Sustainability Assessment (ISA).

Section 9. Continuous Quality Improvement

There must be a documented process for the assessment and evaluation of program educational objectives and program outcomes.

The comparison of achieved performance indicators with declared targets or standards of performance should serve as basis for the priority projects or programs for improving the weak performance indicators. Such projects and programs shall be documented as well as the results of its implementation. This regular cycle of documentation of projects, programs for remediation and their successful implementation shall serve as the evidence for Continuous Quality Improvement.

ARTICLE V CURRICULUM

Section 10. Curriculum Description

The BSCpE curriculum is designed to meet the SOs/POs stated in Article IV Section 6. This is articulated in a curriculum map discussed in Section 12 to develop graduates of the program to have a strong background in mathematics,

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natural, physical and allied sciences. Also, it contains complementary courses such as general education courses to ensure that the graduates are articulate and understands the nature of their role and impact of their work in the society and environment.

The BSCpE curriculum is designed to guarantee breadth of knowledge of the discipline through a set of professional courses and to ensure depth and focus in certain disciplines through cognates/tracks. Also, it develops student's ability to use modern tools necessary to solve problems in the field of computer engineering.

The curriculum has a minimum total of 166 credit units, comprising of 115 units of technical courses. These technical courses include 12 units of mathematics, 8 units of natural/physical sciences, 6 units of basic engineering sciences, 8 units of allied courses, 72 units of professional courses, and 9 units of elective/cognate courses.

The general education courses in accordance with CMO 20 s. 2013 - The New General Education Curriculum consists of 24 units of general education courses, 12 units of GEC electives/mandated courses, 8 units of Physical Education (PE), and 6 units of National Service Training Program (NSTP).

Section 11. Sample Curriculum

11.1. Components:

Below is a sample curriculum of the BSCpE program. The institution may enrich the sample curriculum depending on the needs of the industry and community, provided that all prescribed courses are offered and pre-requisite and co-requisite are observed.

Classification/Field/Course	Minimum / v	Winimum Credit		
	Lecture	L/F/D	Units	
I. TECHNICAL COURSES				
A. Mathematics				
Calculus 1	3	0	3	
Calculus 2	3	0	3	
Engineering Data Analysis	3	0	3	
Differential Equations	3	0	3	
Subtotal	12	0	12	
B. Natural/Physical Sciences				
Chemistry for Engineers	3	3	4	
Physics for Engineers	3	3	4	
Subtotal	6	6	8	
C. Basic Engineering Sciences				
Computer-Aided Drafting	0	3	1	
Engineering Economics	3	0 .	3	
Technopreneurship101	3	0	3	
Subtotal	6	3	J. J. 7	

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Classification/Field/Course		no. of hours veek	Minimum Credit		
Glassification for the second	Lecture	L/F/D	Units		
D. Allied Courses					
Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits	3	3 .	4		
Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits	3	- 3	4		
Subtotal	6	6	- 8		
E. Professional Courses					
Discrete Mathematics	3	0	3		
Numerical Methods	3	0	3		
Computer Engineering as a Discipline	1	0	1		
Fundamentals of Mixed Signals and Sensors	3	0	3		
Computer Engineering Drafting and Design	0 .	3	1		
Programming Logic and Design	0	6	2		
Data Structures and Algorithms	0	6	2		
Object Oriented Programming	0	6	2		
Software Design	3	3	4		
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	3	3	4		
Microprocessors	3	3	4		
Logic Circuits and Design	2	0	2		
Methods of Research	3	0	3		
Operating Systems	3	3	4		
Computer Architecture and Organization			3		
Data and Digital Communications	3	0	4		
Computer Networks and Security	3	3	4		
Embedded Systems	3	3 .	4		
Digital Signal Processing	3				
Feedback and Control Systems	3	0	3		
Introduction to HDL	0	3	111		
Seminars and Fieldtrips	0	3	1		
Basic Occupational Health and Safety	3	0	3		
CpE Laws and Professional Practice	2	0	2		
Emerging Technologies in CpE	3	0	3		
CpE Practice and Design 1	0	3	111		
CpE Practice and Design 2	0 .	6	2		
On the Job Training	3	240	3		
Subtotal	53	297	72		
F. Cognates/Electives (Please refer to	0.3 (A)				
Suggested Electives)					
Cognate/Track Course 1			3		
Cognate/Track Course 2			3		
Cognate/Track Course 3			3		
Subtotal			9		
II. NON - TECHNICAL COURSES	7.700.75	Andrews History	1		
A. General Education Courses					
Science, Technology, and Society	3	0	3		
The Contemporary World	3	0	3		

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Classification/Field/Course	Minimum / v	Minimum Credit		
	Lecture	L/F/D	Units	
Readings in Philippine History	3	0	3	
Understanding the Self	3	0	3	
Art Appreciation	3	0	3	
Purposive Communication	3	0	3	
Mathematics for the Modern World	3	0	3	
Ethics	3	0	3	
Sübtotal	24	0	24	
B. GEC Electives/Mandated Courses			1.50	
GEC Elective 1	3	0	3	
GEC Elective 2	3	0	3	
GEC Elective 3	3	0	3	
Life and Works of Rizal	3 ·	0	3	
Subtotal	12	0	12	
C. Physical Education			Mi di	
PE 1	2	0	- 2	
PE 2	2	. 0	2	
PE 3	2	0	2	
PE 4	2	0	2	
Subtotal	8	0	8	
D. National Service Training Program				
NSTP 1	3	0	3	
NSTP 2	3	0	3	
Subtotal	6	0	6	
GRAND TOTAL	133	312	166	

SUMMARY OF THE BSCpE CURRICULUM

	Total No. of Ho	Minimum		
Classification/Field/Course	Lecture	Lab	Credit Units	
I. TECHNICAL COURSES				
A. Mathematics	12	0	12	
B. Natural/Physical Sciences	6 .	6	8	
C. Basic Engineering Sciences	6	3	7	
D. Allied Courses	6	6	8	
E. Professional Courses	53	297	72	
F. Cognates/Electives			9	
Subtotal	83	312	116	
II. NON-TECHNICAL COURSES				
A. General Education Courses	24	0	24	
B. GEC Electives/Mandated Courses	12	0	12	
C. Physical Education	8	0	8	
D. NSTP	6	0	6	
Subtotal	50	0	50	
GRAND TOTAL (including PE and NSTP)	133	312	166	

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11.2. Program of Study

The institution may enrich the sample/model program of study depending on the needs of the industry, provided that all prescribed courses required in the curriculum outlines are offered and prerequisites and co-requisites are complied with.

The sample Program of Study listed below is meant for HEIs operating on a Semestral System. HEIs with CHED approved trimester or quarter term systems may adjust their courses and course specifications accordingly to fit their delivery system, as long as the minimum requirements are still satisfied.

The HEIs are also encouraged to include other courses to fulfill their institutional outcomes, as long as the total units for the whole program shall not be less than **166 units**, including P.E., and NSTP.

SAMPLE SEMESTRAL PROGRAM OF STUDY

FIRST YEAR

1st year – 1st semester

_		No. of Hours	Units	Prerequisites	
Courses	Lec	Lab/Field/Drafting	Units	Prerequisites	
Calculus 1	3	0	3		
Chemistry for Engineers	3	3 .	4		
Computer Engineering as a Discipline	1	0	1		
Programming Logic and Design	0	6	2		
Mathematics for the Modern World	3	0	3		
Science, Technology, and Society	3	0	3		
Understanding the Self	3	0	3		
Physical Education 1	2	0	2	-	
NSTP 1	3	0	3		
TOTAL	21	9	24		

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1st year – 2nd semester

_	No. of Hours			Danua mulaitan	
Courses	Lec	Lab/Field/Drafting	Units	Prerequisites	
Calculus 2	3	0	3	Calculus 1	
Physics for Engineers	3	3	4	Calculus 1	
Object Oriented Programming	0	6	2	Programming Logic and Design	
Engineering Data Analysis	3	0	3	Calculus 1	
Discrete Mathematics	3	0	3	Calculus 1	
Readings in Philippine History	3	0	3		
Physical Education 2	2	0	2	Physical Education 1	
NSTP 2	3	0	3	NSTP 1	
TOTAL	20	9	23		

SECOND YEAR

2nd year – 1st Semester

		No. of Hours	11	D	
Courses	Lec Lab/Field/Drafting		Units	Prerequisites	
Differential Equations	3	0	3	Calculus 2	
Art Appreciation	3	0	3		
Data Structures and Algorithms	0	6	2	Object Oriented Programming	
Engineering Economics	3	0	3	2 nd Year Standing*	
Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits	3	3	4	Physics for Engineers	
GEC Elective 1	3	0	3		
Computer-Aided Drafting	0	3	1	2 nd Year Standing*	
Physical Education 3	2	0	2 ·	Physical Education 2	
TOTAL	17	12	21		

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2nd year – 2nd semester

-		No. of Hours	Units	Prerequisites
Courses	Lec	Lab/Field/Drafting	Units	Prerequisites
Numerical Methods	3	0	3	Differential Equations
Software Design	3	3	4	Data Structures and Algorithms
Purposive Communication	3	0	3	•
Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits	3	3	4	Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits
Life and Works of Rizal	3	0	3	
Physical Education 4	2	0	2	
The Contemporary World	3	0	3	
TOTAL	20	6	22	

THIRD YEAR

3rd year – 1st Semester

-		No. of Hours	Units	Prerequisites	
Courses	Lec Lab/Field/Drafting		Units	Frerequisites	
Logic Circuits and Design	3	3	4	Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits	
Operating Systems	3	0	3	Data Structures and Algorithms	
Data and Digital Communications	3	0	3	Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits	
Introduction to HDL	0	3	1	Programming Logic and Design; Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits	
Feedback and Control Systems	3	0	3	Numerical Methods; Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits	
Fundamentals of Mixed Signals and Sensors	3	0	3	Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits	
Computer Engineering Drafting and Design	0	3	1	Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits	
Cognate / Elective Course 1**			3	3 rd Year Standing*	
TOTAL	15	9	21		

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3rd year – 2nd semester

		No. of Hours	Units	Prerequisites
Courses	Lec	Lab/Field/Drafting	Units	Frerequiates
Basic Occupational Health and Safety	3	0	3	3 rd Year Standing*
Computer Networks and Security	3	3	4	Data and Digital Communications
Microprocessors	3	3	4	Logic Circuits and Design
Methods of Research	2	0	2	Engineering Data Analysis; Purposive Communication; Logic Circuits and Design
Technopreneurship	3	0	3	3 rd Year Standing*
Ethics	3	0	3	
CpE Laws and Professional Practice	2	0	2	3 rd Year Standing*
Cognate/Elective Course 2**			3	Cognate/Track Course 1
TOTAL	19	6	24	

FOURTH YEAR

4th year – 1st semester

	No. of Hours		Units	Prerequisites
Courses	Lec	Lab/Field/Drafting	Onics	Freiequisites
Embedded Systems	3	3	4	Microprocessors
Computer Architecture and Organization	3	3	4	Microprocessors
Emerging Technologies in CpE	3	0	3	4 th Year Standing*
CpE Practice and Design 1	0	3	1	Microprocessors; Methods of Research
Digital Signal Processing	3	3	4	Feedback and Control Systems
GEC Elective 2	3	0	3	
Cognate/Elective Course 3**			3	Cognate/Track Course 2
TOTAL	15	12	22	

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4th year – 2nd semester

	No. of Hours			Prerequisites	
Courses	Lec Lab/Field/Drafting		Units	Frerequisites	
CpE Practice and Design 2	0	6	2	CpE Practice and Design 1	
Seminars and Fieldtrips	0	3	1	4 th Year Standing*	
On the Job Training	3	240***	3	4th Year Standing*	
GEC Elective 3	3	0	3		
TOTAL	6	246	9		

Suggested Cognates/Electives
(The program has an option to include additional cognates/electives.)

	1	No. of Hours	No. of
Embedded Systems	Lab	Lab/Field/Drafting	Hours
Embedded Systems 1			3
Embedded Systems 2			3
Embedded Systems 3			3
Microelectronics	Lab	Lab/Field/Drafting	
Microelectronics 1			3
Microelectronics 2			3
Microelectronics 3			3
Software Development	Lab	Lab/Field/Drafting	
Software Development 1			3
Software Development 2	1		3
Software Development 3	-		3
System and Network Administration	Lab	Lab/Field/Drafting	
System and Network Administration 1			3
System and Network Administration 2		T	3
System and Network Administration 3			3
Machine Learning	Lab	Lab/Field/Drafting	
Machine Learning 1			3
Machine Léarning 2			3
Machine Learning 3			3
Big Data Analytics	Lab	Lab/Field/Drafting	
Big Data Analytics 1			3
Big Data Analytics 2			3
Big Data Analytics 3			3
Augmented Reality	Lab	Lab/Field/Drafting	
Augmented Reality 1			3
Augmented Reality 2			3
Augmented Reality 3			3

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Technopreneurship

C		No. of	
Courses	Lab	Lab/Field/Drafting	Hours
Technopreneurship 1			3
Technopreneurship 2			3
Technopreneurship 3			3

- The nth year standing means that the student must have completed at least 75% of the load requirements of the previous year level.

 The courses in track specializations should be related.
- *** 80 hours per unit of field work.

Section 12. Sample Curriculum Map

Refer to Annex II for the Minimum Program Outcomes and a Sample Curriculum Map. The HEI may develop own Curriculum Map.

Section 13. Description of Outcomes-Based Teaching and Learning

Outcomes-based teaching and learning (OBTL) is an approach where teaching and learning activities are developed to support the learning outcomes (University of Hong Kong, 2007). It is a student-centered approach for the delivery of educational programs where the curriculum topics in a program and the courses contained in it are expressed as the intended outcomes for students to learn. It is an approach in which teachers facilitate and students find themselves actively engaged in their

Its primary focus is the clear statement of what students should be able to do after taking a course, known as the Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs). The ILOs describe what the learners will be able to do when they have completed their course or program. These are statements, written from the students' perspective, indicating the level of understanding and performance they are expected to achieve as a result of engaging in teaching and learning experience (Biggs and Tang, 2007). Once the ILOs have been determined, the next step in OBTL is to design the Teaching / have been determined, the next step in OBTL is to design the Teaching / Learning Activities (TLAs) which require students to actively participate in the construction of their new knowledge and abilities. A TLA is any activity which stimulates, encourages or facilitates learning of one or more intended learning outcome. The final OBTL component is the Assessment Tasks (ATs), which measure how well students can use their new abilities to solve real-world problems, design, demonstrate creativity, and communicate effectively, among others. An AT can be any method of assessing how well a set of ILO has been achieved.

A key component of a course design using OBTL is the constructive alignment of ILOs, TLAs, and ATs. This design methodology requires the Intended Learning Outcomes to be developed first, and then the Teaching / Learning Activities and Assessment Tasks are developed based on the ILOs. (Biggs, 1999)

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"Constructive" refers to the idea that students construct meaning through relevant learning activities; "alignment" refers to the situation when teaching and learning activities, and assessment tasks, are aligned to the Intended Learning Outcomes by using the verbs stipulated in the ILOs. Constructive alignment provides the "how-to" by stating that the TLAs and the assessment tasks activate the same verbs as in the ILOs. (Biggs and Taggs 1909)

The OBTL approach shall be reflected in the Course Syllabus to be implemented by the faculty.

Section 14. Course Syllabus and Course Specifications

The Course Syllabus must contain at least the following components:

- General Course Information (Title, Description, Code, Credit Units, Prerequisites)
- Links to Program Outcomes Course Outcomes
- Course Outline (Including Unit Outcomes) 14.4
- Teaching and Learning Activities
 Assessment Methods
- 14.6 14.7 14.8

- 14.6 Assessment Methods
 14.7 Final Grade Evaluation
 14.8 Learning Resources
 14.9 Course Policies and Standards
 14.10 Effectivity and Revision Information

See Annex III for Sample Course Specifications for the courses listed in the suggested Curriculum Map.

ARTICLE VI REQUIRED RESOURCES

This article covers the specific required resources for the BS Computer Engineering

All other requirements on Administration, Library and Laboratory facilities, and buildings for the BS Engineering Program are contained in CMO No. 86, s. 2017, Policies, Standards and Guidelines for Requirements Common to all BS Engineering and Bachelor of Engineering Technology Programs issued by the Commission.

Section 15. Administration

The administration of the college of engineering must provide academic governance and leadership to engineering programs by exerting efforts to achieve program educational objectives and program outcomes. As such, the college must have a full-time dean and full-time department or program chair who are adept in the principles of outcomes-based

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education and are trained to implement the elements of OBE and OBTL required by CMO 37 s2012.

There shall be a full-time Department/Program Chair/Coordinator who will lead the program in curriculum planning, implementation, monitoring, review, and evaluation of BSCpE program. The College Dean may serve as concurrent Department or Program Chair when appropriate.

The qualifications of the Department/Program Chair/Coordinator of BSCpE program:

- Shall be a Professional Computer Engineer, if applicable;
 Shall be holder of any of the following Master's degree
 (1) Master of Science in Computer Engineering
- (1) Master of Science in Computer Engineering
 (2) Master of Engineering in Computer Engineering
 (3) Master of Engineering Education in Computer Engineering
 (4) Master of Engineering Program Major in Computer Engineering
 (5) Master of Science in Engineering Major in Computer Engineering; and
 c) Shall have a minimum teaching experience of not less than three (3) years preferably with industry practice. years preferably with industry practice

The Department/Program Chair to carry out his/her administrative function must be given a teaching load of not more than 50% of regular $\,$ teaching load.

Section 16. Faculty

16.1 Requirements

There shall be adequate number of competent and qualified faculty to requirements. The program shall not be dependent on single faculty handling professional courses.

In addition, by AY 2018-2019, thirty-five percent (35%) of the total full-time faculty members teaching professional courses in BSCpE must be holder of Master's degree in CpE or allied programs and preferably Doctoral degree in CpE or allied programs. Faculty members teaching referable percentages and professional course must be a Constitute Computer Engineer. professional courses must be a Certified Computer Engineer,

All other full-time faculty of the program, including those teaching Mathematics, Sciences, Computing, and General Education courses, must also possess at least Master's degrees relevant to their courses being taught and research specializations by AY 2018-2019.

Faculty members teaching professional courses that require industry certification shall have valid industry certification.

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Faculty members teaching CpE Design preferably shall have relevant industry immersion or experience.

All faculty members must undergo training in the principles of OBE and the practice of OBTL using various modes of teaching and learning activities and appropriate outcomes-based assessment.

The faculty shall be actively involved in the following areas of implementation of $\mbox{\rm CpE}$ program:

- (1) curriculum review, decision-making, and implementation of the
- academic program
 (2) program assessment and evaluation, and implementation of
- continuous improvement of the program

 (3) development, improvement, and achievement of course outcomes
- (COs)

 (4) enrichment of teaching and learning activities(TLAs)

 (5) development and improvement of assessment tasks, constructively aligned with COs and TLAs

 (6) student advising activities of the program

- (7) research and scholarly work (8) professional services offered by the program
- (9) linkage and extension work

Section 17. Library and other Learning Resources

The library services and other learning resources are covered by CMO No. <u>86</u>, s. 2017, Policies, Standards and Guidelines for Requirements Common to all BS Engineering and Bachelor of Engineering Technology Programs.

Section 18. Laboratory Equipment and Resources

18.1 Facilities

Facilities are covered by CMO No. <u>86</u>, s. 2017, Policies, Standards and Guidelines for Requirements Common to all BS Engineering Programs

18.2 Laboratories for the BSCpE Program

- Chemistry for Engineers Physics for Engineers
- Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits
 Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits

- Microprocessors
 Logic Circuits and Design
 Computer Architecture and Organization
 Computer Networks and Security
 Embedded Systems

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- 10. Computer Engineering Drafting and Design11. Programming Logic and Design12. Data Structures and Algorithms13. Object Oriented Programming

- 14. Software Design15. Digital Signal Processing
- 16. Introduction to HDL

18.3 Modernization of Facilities

Each school/college of engineering shall have a program for the continuing modernization and upgrading of its instructional laboratories, facilities, and equipment. The said program shall have an adequate annual allocation in accordance with the financial capability of the school.

18.4 Calibration of Equipment

Each school/college of engineering shall ensure that the measuring instruments in its laboratories are recalibrated regularly. The date of the last calibration of the measuring instrument shall be indicated on each instrument.

ARTICLE VII COMPLIANCE OF HEIS

Full Compliance with CMO 37, s. 2012 Section 19

Before the start of AY 2018-2019, all HEIs offering BS in Computer Engineering programs must show evidence of full compliance with CMO 37, s. 2012 (Establishment of an Outcomes-Based Education System) by the following actions:

19.1 CMO 37 Monitoring Workbook and Self-Assessment Rubric

The Commission, through its Regional offices or the TPET Website shall make available to all HEIs currently offering or applying to offer BS Computer Engineering programs a Monitoring Workbook (CMO 37-MW-2017-HEI-BSCpE) and Self-Assessment Rubric (SAR) (CMO-37-WW-2017-HEI-BSCpE) HEI-SAR-2017-BSCpE).

The five-year BCpE curriculum shall be the basis of the monitoring. The completed Monitoring Workbook with a List of Supporting Evidences and Self-Assessment Rubric must be submitted to CHED or online through the CHED TPET website (www.ched-tpet.org) within 30 working days after the effectivity of this CMO. Failure to submit these documents will disqualify the concerned HEIs from continuing or starting their BSAeE programs in AY 2018-2019.

19.2 Review of Submitted Forms by CHED

CHED shall review the submitted Monitoring Workbooks and Self-Assessment Rubrics, and may schedule monitoring visits to the HEI thereafter. These visits shall determine the extent of compliance of the

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concerned HEI with CMO 37, s. 2012. HEIs with BCpE programs with low SAR total scores may be asked to submit a one- or two-year development plan to CHED.

19.3 Exemptions

HEIs with BSCpE programs that have applied as COEs/CODs during AY 2015-2016 and whose applications have been approved as COE or COD shall not be required to comply with Section 19.1 and 19.2. Instead, these HEIs must submit only their proposed four-year curriculum, corresponding curriculum map, and program of study using the Application Workbook for AY 2018-2019 (AW-2018-HEI-BSCpE). See Section 20. Those HEIs whose COD/COE applications were disapproved for AY 2018-2019 must still comply with Sections 19.1 and 19.2.

Section 20 Application Workbook for AY 2018-2019

HEIs currently offering the BSCpE program for AY 2018-2019 shall be made to complete a new Application Workbook (AW-2018-HEI-BSCpE) which shall be made available through CHED or downloadable from the CHED-TPET website. The Application Workbook shall be completed and submitted to CHED or uploaded to the CHED-TPET website before the start of AY 2018-2019.

Section 21 Approval of Application

All HEIs with BSCpE programs with COE or COD status submitting their completed Application Workbooks shall automatically receive certifications from CHED and shall be given approval to implement their programs beginning AY 2018-2019.

Other concerned HEIs which have submitted their CMO Monitoring Workbooks, Self-Assessment Rubrics, and Application Workbook shall be given conditional approval by CHED to start offering their new BSIE Curriculum following this CMO effective AY 2018-2019. CHED shall, however, conduct monitoring of HEIs to assure complete compliance of this PSG within the transitory period, during which HEIs with BSCpE programs with weak implementation may be asked to submit developmental plans, which shall be subject to constant monitoring.

ARTICLE VIII TRANSITORY, REPEALING and EFFECTIVITY PROVISIONS

Section 22 Transitory Provision

All private HEIs, state universities and colleges, and local universities and colleges with existing authorization to operate the Bachelor of Science in Computer Engineering program are hereby given a period of three (3) years from the effectivity thereof to fully comply with all the

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requirements in this CMO. However, the prescribed minimum curricular requirements in this CMO shall be implemented starting AY 2018-2019.

Section 23 Repealing Clause

Any provision of this Order, which may thereafter be held invalid, shall not affect the remaining provisions.

All CHED issuances or part thereof inconsistent with the provision in this CMO shall be deemed modified or repealed.

Section 24 Effectivity Clause

This CMO shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation. This CMO shall be implemented beginning AY 2018-2019.

Quezon City, Philippines December 4, 2017

For the Commission:

PATRICIA B. LICUANAN, Ph.D.

Attachments:

Annex I – Competency Standards for an Industrial Engineer
Annex II – Minimum Program Outcomes and Sample Curriculum Map
Annex III – Sample Course Specifications

Annex IV – Laboratory Requirements
A. Natural/Physical Sciences
B. Professional Courses
Annex V – Sample Course Syllabus

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ANNEX I - COMPETENCY STANDARDS Bachelor of Science in Computer Engineering

Computer Engineer (noun) – is a professional who embodies the science and technology of design, development, implementation, maintenance and integration of software and hardware components in modern computing systems and computer-controlled equipment.

ATTRIBUTES AND COMPETENCIES OF A COMPUTER ENGINEER

COMPETENCY LEVEL

			COMPETENCY LEVEL	
	ATTRIBUTES	NEW GRADUATE	1 - 7 YEARS ENGG. EXPERIENCE	GLOBALLY QUALIFIED ENGINEER (APEC/ASEAN)
	Apply knowledge of mathematics, chemistry, physics, biology, information technology and other engineering principles	Understand the principles of mathematics, chemistry, physics, biology, natural and applied sciences including information technology. Determine relevant and appropriate applied science, engineering principles and techniques that can be used to address engineering concerns related to process design and operations.	Use relevant and appropriate applied science, engineering principles and techniques in formulating process design and operations improvement and optimization. Develop simple computer programs to solve computer engineering problems.	Propose innovations in process design and operations improvement and optimization and impart these to peers. Develop and continually upgrade proficiency in numerical and computational modeling in solving computer engineering problems.
2	Identify, formulate, research literature and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences and	Use relevant information gathered from research literature and other available technological information sources in coming out with solutions to complex engineering problems.	Apply results research literature and other technological advances in process design and operations improvement and optimization. Propose changes in parameter settings used in manufacturing processes or labscale set-ups to achieve the desired	Consolidate results of research and technical information in formulating solutions to computer engineering processes and adapt these into systems to achieve energy and process efficiency targets. Impart these technological advances to peers.







To a second proper prop	engineering sciences.		outputs.	
3	Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design systems, components or processes that meet specified needs with appropriate consideration for public health and safety, cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.	Study, investigate and gather data related to complex engineering problems and propose solutions based on the fundamentals of engineering principles while incorporating ethics, safety and environmental considerations.	Study, investigate and gather data related to problems in computer engineering processes and operations and prepare proposals to implement solutions while incorporating ethics, safety and environmental considerations. Conduct test runs and prepare final recommendations based on results gathered.	Consolidate studies made on problems in computer engineering processes and operations and propose changes in operational parameters. Specialize in specific fields of practice in computer engineering and use the technical expertise in design of solutions to applicable complex engineering problems. Impart learnings to peers.
4	Conduct investigations of complex problems using research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of information to provide valid conclusions.	Conceptualize, formulate and implement design of experiments in a standard scientific manner in conducting investigations of complex engineering problems with consideration of cost, quality, security, and environmental impact. Recommend valid conclusions based on gathered information and results of investigation.	Use available database information, coordinate with other technical experts, plan and design experiments in conducting investigations of complex engineering problems. Prepare reports and make presentations to concerned entities on the proposed solutions to the complex engineering problems.	Organize teams of experts, plan and design experiments in conducting investigations of complex engineering problems. Prepare feasibility, optimization reports, implementation plans and make presentations to the concerned entities on the proposed solutions to the complex engineering problems.







5	Create, select	Be familiar with the	Be familiar with the	Be familiar with
5	and apply	appropriate	appropriate	process operations
	appropriate	techniques,	techniques,	and applicable
	techniques,	resources, and	resources, and	modern tools and
	resources, and	modern engineering	modern engineering	techniques to solve
	modern	and IT tools,	and IT tools,	operational problems
	engineering and	including prediction	including prediction	taking into consideration process
	IT tools, including	and modelling, to complex engineering	and modelling, to complex engineering	limitations.Use
	prediction and	problems, with an	problems, with an	industrial experience
	modelling, to	understanding of the	understanding of the	in conjunction with
	solve complex	limitations.Recomme	limitations.Consolidat	technical expertise
	engineering	nd the applicable	e applicable	and appropriate
	problems, with	modern tools that can be used to solve	techniques and modern tools that	modern tools in solving complex
	an understanding	complex engineering	can be used to solve	engineering
	of the	problems.	complex engineering	problems.Prepare
	limitations.		problems.Prepare	reports and
			recommendations	recommendations
			based on results	and present these to
			considering optimization,	the concerned entities.
			practical applications	entities.
			and limitations of	
			process parameters	
			and equipment.	
6	Apply reasoning informed by	Be familiar with relevant policies,	Be familiar with relevant policies,	Be familiar with relevant policies,
	contextual	laws, regulations and	laws, regulations and	laws, regulations and
	knowledge to	technical standards	technical standards	technical standards
	assess societal,	locally in conjunction	both locally and	both locally and
	health, safety,	with the computer	internationally in	internationally in
	legal and	engineering	conjunction with the	conjunction with the
	cultural issues	professional practice. Make a personal	computer engineering	computer engineering professional practice.
	consequent	commitment to	professional practice.	Be familiar with
	responsibilities	societal, health,	Prepare plans and	specific country
	relevant to	safety, legal and	designs to address	regulations on
	professional	cultural issues	industrial process	professional
	engineering	recognizing	problems while	engineering practice
	practice and solutions to	obligations to society,	taking into consideration moral,	in implementing solutions to complex
	complex	subordinates, and	ethical and	engineering
	engineering	the environment.	environmental	problems.
	problems.		concerns.	Prepare plans and
			Impart learning to	designs to address
			peers.	industrial process problems while taking
				into consideration
				moral, ethical and
				environmental





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				concerns. Impart learning to peers.
7	Understand and evaluate the sustainability and impact of professional engineering work in the solution of complex engineering problems in societal and environmental contexts.	Be familiar with relevant applicable technical and engineering standards that can be applied in professional computer engineering practice. Assess the effects of professional engineering work on process operational problems. Gather relevant data in relation to the professional engineering work.	Be familiar with relevant applicable technical and engineering standards that can be applied in professional computer engineering practice. Use gained experience in industrial professional practice to measure impacts on society and environment. Be familiar with carbon footprint calculations, life cycle assessment, green technologies and other upcoming standards. Impart learning to peers.	Be familiar with relevant applicable technical and engineering standards that can be applied in professional computer engineering practice. Use gained experience in industrial professional practice to measure impacts on society and environment. Be familiar with carbon footprint calculations, life cycle assessment, green technologies and other upcoming standards. Do research, develop projects and prepare implementation plans to implement and assess professional engineering works in relation to complex engineering problems. Impart learning to peers.





8	Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of engineering practice.	Be familiar with the professional ethics for computer engineers and apply and behave according to this code in professional practice. Apply ethical principles in conjunction with engineering practice.	Be familiar with the professional ethics for computer engineers and apply and behave according to this code in professional practice. Be familiar with corporate and industrial policies. Apply ethical principles in conjunction with engineering practice incorporating public safety as a priority. Be an example to upcoming engineers in terms of integrity, morality and ethics.	Be familiar with the professional ethics for computer engineers and apply and behave according for this code in professional practice. Be familiar with corporate and industrial policies. Apply ethical principles in conjunction with engineering practice incorporating public safety as a priority. Be an example to upcoming engineers in terms of integrity, morality and ethics. Exemplify ethical and moral values through participation in socially relevant projects that contribute to national development. Impart learning to peers.
9	Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams and in multi- disciplinary settings.	Perform functions required in the completion of a task as part of a project or endeavor or as an employee of a company. Interact with peers and higher levels in a professional manner. Participate in activities either as a team leader or member and perform designated tasks.	Plan, lead, coordinate and implement designated tasks either as a team leader or member. Interact with a network of professionals and participate in projects or activities. Handle small to medium-sized projects.	Supervise and manage processes, people and facilities locally or internationally enabling efficiency, improved performance, business profitability and safety. Train other engineers







10	Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	Prepare reports, presentations and other engineering documents in an organized way and relay information related to these effectively. Communic ate clearly both verbally and in written form all instructions to peers, subordinates and superiors as may be deemed necessary. Organize, coordinate and implement activities or projects in a clear way.	Prepare reports, presentations and other engineering documents in an organized way and relay information related to these effectively. Prepare policies, procedures and other documents related to an activity or project and cascade to subordinates, peers and superiors effectively. Conduct trainings to subordinates and peers. Communicate clearly with legal entities/ authorities regarding engineering activities.	Consolidate reports and make presentations to peers and superiors on projects or on assigned endeavors. Conduct trainings to subordinates, peers and superiors. Communicate and coordinate clearly and act as liaison officer on matters concerning legal or regulatory issues. Prepare policies, rules, regulations, instructions, procedures and implements them.
11	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of engineering management principles and economic decision-making and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments	Plan, lead, organize and control small projects or tasks as may be deemed necessary in the practice of computer engineering.	Plan, lead, organize and control small to medium-sized projects or tasks as may be deemed necessary in the practice of computer engineering. Manage financial aspects of the project. Supervise subordinates and peers when needed. Prepare reports related to projects.	Manage and implement medium-sized to major projects or tasks as may be deemed necessary in the practice of computer engineering. Manage financial aspects of the project Manage supervisors and peers. Prepare reports related to projects.







ANNEX II - SAMPLE CURRICULUM MAP Bachelor of Science in Computer Engineering

PROGRAM OUTCOMES

Graduates of Bachelor of Science in Computer Engineering (BSCpE) program

- a) Ability to apply knowledge of mathematics and science to solve engineering
- b) Ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data;
- c) Ability to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability, in accordance with standards;
- d) Ability to function on multidisciplinary teams;
 e) Ability to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems;
- f) Understanding of professional and ethical responsibility;
- g) Ability to communicate effectively;
 h) Broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global, economic, environmental, and societal context;
 i) Recognition of the need for, and an ability to engage in life-long learning

- j) Knowledge of contemporary issues;
 k) Ability to use techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice; and
- Knowledge and understanding of engineering and management principles as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

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SAMPLE CURRICULUM MAP

Code	Descriptor	Descriptor
1	Introductory Course	An introductory course to an outcome
E	Enabling Course	A course that strengthens an outcome
D	Demonstrating Course	A course demonstrating an outcome

Code	Classification
M	Mathematics
NPS	Natural/Physical Sciences
BES	Basic Engineering Sciences
Α	Allied Courses
P	Professional Courses
TE	Technical Electives
GE	General Education Courses
	GEC Electives/Mandated
GEM	Courses
PE	Physical Education
	National Service Training
NSTP	Program

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ANNEX III - COURSE SPECIFICATIONS Bachelor of Science in Computer Engineering

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	Calculus 2	
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	Differential Equations	7
NAT	TURAL/PHYSICAL SCIENCES	
	Chemistry for Engineers	9
	Chemistry for Engineers Laboratory	9
	Physics for Engineers	10
	Physics for Engineers Laboratory	
BAS	SIC ENGINEERING SCIENCE	
	Computer Aided Drafting	
	Engineering Economics	12
	Technopreneurship 101	13
ALI	LIED COURSES	
	Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits	
	Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits Laboratory	14
	Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits	
	Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits Laboratory	
PR	OFESSIONAL COURSES	
	Computer Engineering as a Discipline	17
	Discrete Mathematics	177
	Numerical Methods	18
	Fundamentals of Mixed Signals and Sensors	19
	Programming Logic and Design	19
	Object Oriented Programming	200
	Data Structures and Algorithms	21
	Software Design	
	Software Design Laboratory	23
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eedback and Control Systems	20
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Computer Networks and Security	28
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TECHNICAL COURSES

MATHEMATICS

Course Name	Calculus 1
Course Description	An introductory course covering the core concepts of limit, continuity and differentiability of functions involving one or more variables. This also includes the application of differential calculations in solving problems on optimization, rates of change, related rates, tangents and normals, and approximations; partial differentiation and transcendental curve tracing.
Number of Units for Lecture	3 units
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	None
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outline	1. Functions 2. Continuity and Limits 3. The Derivative 4. The Slope 5. Rate of Change 6. The Chain Rule and the General Power Rule 7. Implicit Differentiation 8. Higher-Order Derivatives 9. Polynomial Curves 10. Applications of the Derivative 11. The Differential 12. Derivatives of Trigonometric Functions 13. Derivatives of Inverse Trigonometric Functions 14. Derivatives of Logarithmic and Exponential Functions 15. Derivatives of the Hyperbolic Functions 16. Solutions of Equations 17. Transcendental Curve Tracing 18. Parametric Equations 19. Partial Differentiation

Course Name	Calculus 2
Course Description	The course introduces the concept of integration and its application to some physical problems such as evaluation of areas, volumes of revolution, force, and work. The fundamental formulas and various techniques of integration are taken up and applied to both single variable and multi-variable functions. The course also includes tracing of functions of two variables for a better appreciation of the interpretation of the double and triple integral as volume of a three-dimensional region bounded by two or more surfaces.
Number of Units for Lecture	3 units

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Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	Calculus 1
	To be identified by the program.
	To be identified by the program.
per Week Prerequisites Program Outcomes Course Outcomes Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program. 1. Integration Concepts/Formulas 1.1. Anti-Differentiation 1.2. Indefinite Integrals 1.3. Simple Power Formula 1.4. Simple Trigonometric Functions 1.5. Logarithmic Function 1.6. Exponential Function 1.7. Inverse Trigonometric Functions 1.8. Hyperbolic Functions (sinh u & cosh u only) 1.9. General Power formula (include Substitution Rule) 1.10. Constant of Integration 1.11. Definite Integral (include absolute, odd & even functions) 2. Integration Techniques 2.1. Integration by Parts 2.2. Trigonometric Integrals 2.3. Trigonometric Substitution 2.4. Rational Functions 2.5. Rationalizing Substitution 3. Improper Integrals 4. Application of Definite Integral 4.1. Plane Area 4.2. Areas Between Curves 5. Other Applications 5.1. Volumes 5.2. Work 5.3. Hydrostatic Pressure 6. Multiple Integrals (Inversion of order/ change of coordinates) 6.1. Double Integrals
	6.2. Triple Integrals 7. Surface Tracing 7.1. Planes 7.2. Spheres 7.3. Cylinders 7.4. Quadric Surfaces
	7.4. Quadric Surraces 7.5. Intersection of Surfaces 8. Multiple Integrals as Volume 8.1. Double Integrals 8.2. Triple Integrals

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Course Name	Engineering Data and Analysis
Course Description	This course is designed for undergraduate engineering students with emphasis on problem solving related to societal issues that engineers and scientists are called upon to solve. It introduces different methods of data collection and the suitability of using a particular method for a given situation. The relationship of probability to statistics is also discussed, providing students with the tools they need to understand how "chance" plays a role in statistical analysis. Probability distributions of random variables and their uses are also considered, along with a discussion of linear functions of random variables within the context of their application to data analysis and inference. The course also includes estimation techniques for unknown parameters; and hypothesis testing used in making inferences from sample to population; inference for regression parameters and build models for estimating means and predicting future values of key variables under study. Finally, statistically based experimental design techniques and analysis of outcomes of experiments are discussed with the aid of statistical software.
Number of Units for Lecture	3 units
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	Calculus 1
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outline	Obtaining Data 1.1. Methods of Data Collection 1.2. Planning and Conducting Surveys 1.3. Planning and Conducting Experiments: Introduction to Design of Experiments Probability 2.1. Sample Space and Relationships among Events 2.2. Counting Rules Useful in Probability 2.3. Rules of Probability 3. Discreet Probability Distributions 3.1. Random Variables and their Probability Distributions 3.2. Cumulative Distribution Functions 3.3. Expected Values of Random Variables 3.4. The Binomial Distribution 3.5. The Poisson Distribution 4.1. Continuous Probability Distribution 4.1. Continuous Random Variables and their Probability Distribution 4.2. Expected Values of Continuous Random Variables 4.3. Normal Distribution 4.4. Normal Approximation to the Binomial and Poisson Distribution 4.5. Exponential Distribution 5. Joint Probability Distribution 5. Joint Probability Distribution 5.1. Two or Random Variables

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Joint Probability Distributions 5.1.2. Marginal Probability Distribution 5.1.3. Conditional Probability Distribution 5.1.4. More than Two Random Variables Linear Functions of Random Variables
General Functions of Random Variables Sampling Distributions and Point Estimation of Parameters 6.1. Point Estimation Sampling Distribution and the Central Limit Theorem General Concept of Point Estimation 6.3.1. Unbiased Estimator 6.3.2. Variance of a Point Estimator 6.3.3. Standard Error 6.3.3. Standard Error
6.3.4. Mean Squared Error of an Estimator
Statistical Intervals
7.1. Confidence Intervals: Single Sample Confidence Intervals: Multiple Samples Prediction Intervals Tolerance Intervals Test of Hypothesis for a Single Sample
 8.1. Hypothesis Testing
 8.1.1. One-sided and Two-sided Hypothesis
 8.1.2. P-value in Hypothesis Tests
 8.1.3. General Procedure for Test of Hypothesis
 8.2. Test on the Mean of a Normal Distribution. Variance Known Test on the Mean of a Normal Distribution, Variance Unknown 8.4. Test on the Variance and Statistical Deviation of a Normal Distribution Normal Distribution
8.5. Test on a Population Proportion
Statistical Inference of Two Samples
9.1. Inference on the Difference in Means of Two
Normal Distributions, Variances Known
9.2. Inference on the Difference in Means of Two
Normal Distributions, Variances Unknown
9.3. Inference on the Variance of Two Normal
Distributions Distributions
9.4. Inference on Two Population Proportions
10. Simple Linear Regression and Correlation 10.1. Empirical Models

10.2. Regression: Modelling Linear Relationships – The Least-Squares Approach 10.3. Correlation: Estimating the Strength of Linear Relation
10.4. Hypothesis Tests in Simple Linear Regression Hypothesis lests in Simple Linear Regression 10.4.1. Use of t-tests 10.4.2. Analysis of Variance Approach to Test Significance of Regression 10.5. Prediction of New Observations 10.6.1. Residual Analysis 10.6.2. Coefficient of Determination 10.7.

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Course Name	Differential Equations
Course Description	This course is intended for all engineering students to have a firm foundation on differential equations in preparation for their degree-specific advanced mathematics courses. It covers first order differential equations, nth order linear differential equations and systems of first order linear differential equations. It also introduces the concept of Laplace Transforms in solving differential equations. The students are expected to be able to recognize different kinds of differential equations, determine the existence and uniqueness of solution, select the appropriate methods of solution and interpret the obtained solution. Students are also expected to relate differential equations to various practical engineering and scientific problems as well as employ computer technology in solving and verifying solutions.
Number of Units for Lecture	3 units .
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	Calculus 2
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course	To be identified by the program.
Outcomes	Introduction / Definition
Course Outline	1.1. Definition and Classifications of Differential Equations (DE) 1.2. Solution of a DE 2. Solution of some 1st order DE 2.1. Variable Separable 2.2. Exact Equation 2.3. Linear Equation 2.4. Substitution Methods 2.4.1. Homogeneous Coefficients 2.4.2. Bernoulli's Equation 2.4.3. Other Substitution Methods 2.5. Mixed Problems (method not pre-identified) 2.6. Introduction to Use of Computer in Solving Differential Equations 3. Application of 1st Order Differential Equations 3.1. Decomposition /Growth 3.2. Newton's Law of Cooling 3.3. Mixing (non-reacting fluids) 3.4. Electric Circuits 4. Linear Differential Equation of Order n 4.1.1. Introduction 4.1.1. Standard form of a nth order Linear DE 4.1.2. Differential Operators 4.1.3. Principle of Superposition 4.1.4. Linear Independence of a Set of Functions 4.2. Homogeneous Linear Differential Equation with Constant Coefficients

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	4.2.1. Solution of a Homogeneous Linear Ordinary DE
	4.2.2. Initial and Boundary Value Problems 4.3. Non-homogeneous Differential Equation With Constant Coefficients
	4.3.1. Form of the General Solution 4.3.2. Solution by Method of Undetermined Coefficients
	4.3.3. Solution by Variation of Parameters 4.3.4. Mixed Problems
	Solution of Higher Order Differential Equations using Computer
5.	Laplace Transforms of Functions 5.1. Definition
	5.2. Transform of Elementary Functions 5.3. Transform of e ^{aff} (t) – Theorem
	 5.4. Transform of t^{of}(t) – Derivatives of Transforms 5.5. Inverse Transforms 5.6. Laplace and Inverse Laplace Transforms using a
	Computer 5.7. Transforms of Derivatives
	5.8. Initial Value Problems
6.	The Heaviside Unit-Step Function 6.1. Definition
	 Laplace Transforms of Discontinuous Functions and Inverse Transform Leading to Discontinuous Functions
	Solution of Initial Value Problems with Discontinuous Functions by Laplace Transform Method
7.	Application of Laplace Transforms (Problems on Vibration)
8.	Solution of Systems of Linear Differential Equation with Initial Values/Simultaneous Solution to DE (Laplace Transform Method)

NATURAL/PHYSICAL SCIENCES

Course Name	Chemistry for Engineers
Course Description	This course provides students with core concepts of chemistry that are important in the practice of engineering profession.
Number of Units for Lecture	3 units
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	None
Co-requisites	Chemistry for Engineers Laboratory

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Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outline	1. Energy 1.1 Electrochemical energy 1.2 Nuclear chemistry and energy 1.3 Fuels 2. The Chemistry of Engineering Materials 3. Basic Concepts of Crystal Structure 3.1 Metals 3.2 Polymers 3.3 Engineered Nanomaterials 4. The Chemistry of the Environment 5. The Chemistry of the atmosphere 5.1 The Chemistry of Water 5.2 Soil chemistry 6. Chemical Safety 7. Special topics specific to field of expertise

Course Name	Chemistry for Engineers Laboratory
Course Description	A fundamental laboratory course designed to provide opportunity to observe and apply the principles and theories taught in the chemistry for engineers.
Number of Units for Laboratory	1 unit
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	None
Co-requisites	Chemistry for Engineers
Program Outcomes	a-I, b-I, k-I
Course Outline	Rules and Regulations in the Chemistry Laboratory Safety Precautions in the Chemistry Laboratory Rules in Performing an Laboratory Experiment Making Preliminary and Final Reports Famillarization of Equipment/Apparatus Performance of Laboratory Experiments
Laboratory Experiments	Laboratory exercises to be identified by the program. Each major topic should have a corresponding laboratory exercise. For semestral program, 15 exercises per semester. For trimestral program, 12 exercises per trimester. For quarterm program, 9 exercises per quarter.
Laboratory Equipment	See Annex of Lab Requirements

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Course Name	Physics for Engineers
Course Description	This course covers vectors; kinematics; dynamics; work, energy, and power; impulse and momentum; rotation; dynamics of rotation elasticity; and oscillation. Fluids; thermal expansion, thermal stress heat transfer; calorimetry; waves; electrostatics; electricity; magnetism; optics; image formation by plane and curved mirrors; and image formation by thin lenses.
Number of Units for Lecture	3 units
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	Calculus 1
Co-requisites	Physics for Engineers Laboratory
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outline	1. Work, Energy and Power 2. Impulse and Momentum 3. Kinematics 4. Dynamics 5. Rotation 6. Dynamics of Rotation 7. Elasticity 8. Oscillations 9. Fluids 10. Heat Transfer 11. Waves 12. Electrostatics 13. Electricity 14. Magnetism 15. Optics

Course Name	Physics for Engineers Laboratory
Course Description	A fundamental laboratory course designed to provide opportunity to observe and apply the principles and theories taught in the physics for engineers.
Number of Units for Laboratory	1 unit
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	None

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Co-requisites	Physics for Engineers
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outline	Rules and Regulations in the Physics Laboratory Safety Precautions in the Physics Laboratory Rules in Performing an Laboratory Experiment Making Preliminary and Final Reports Familiarization of Equipment/Apparatus Performance of Laboratory Experiments
Laboratory Experiments	Laboratory exercises to be identified by the program. Each major topic should have a corresponding laboratory exercise For semestral program, 15 exercises per semester. For trimestral program, 12 exercises per trimester. For quarterm program, 9 exercises per quarter.
Laboratory Equipment	See Annex of Lab Requirements .

BASIC ENGINEERING SCIENCE

Course Name	Computer Aided Drafting
Course Description	Concepts of computer-aided drafting (CAD); introduction to the CAD environment; terminologies; and the general operating procedures and techniques in entering and executing basic CAD commands.
Number of Units Laboratory	1 unit
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	2 nd Year Standing
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outline	Introduction to CAD Software CAD Drawing Snapping, Construction Elements Dimensioning Plotting, Inputting Images 3D and Navigating in 3D Rendering
Laboratory Equipment	See Annex of Lab Requirements

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Course Name	Engineering Economics
Course Description	This course deals with the study of concepts of the time value of money and equivalence; basic economic study methods; decisions under certainty; decisions recognizing risk; and decisions admitting uncertainty.
Number of Units Lecture	3 units
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	
Program Outcomes	e-E, k-E
Course Outcomes	After completing this course, the student must be able to: 1. Solve problems involving interest and the time value of money; 2. Evaluate project alternatives by applying engineering economic principles and methods and select the most economically efficient one; and 3. Deal with risk and uncertainty in project outcomes by applying the basic economic decision making concepts.
Course Outline	Introduction 1.1. Definitions 1.2. Principles of Engineering Economics 1.3. Engineering Economics and the Design Process 1.4. Cost Concepts for Decision Making 1.5. Present Economic Studies 2. Money-Time Relationships and Equivalence 2.1. Interest and the Time Value of Money 2.2. The Concept of Equivalence 2.3. Cash Flows 3. Economic Study Methods 3.1. The Minimum Attractive Rate of Return 3.2. Basic Economic Study Methods: Present Worth, Future Worth, Annual Worth, Internal Rate of Return 3.3. Other Methods: Discounted Payback Period, Benefit/Cost Ratio 4. Decisions Under Certainty 4.1. Evaluation of Mutually Exclusive Alternatives 4.2. Evaluation of Independent Projects 4.3. Effects of Inflation 4.4. Depreciation and After-Tax Economic Analysis 4.5. Replacement Studies 5. Decisions Recognizing Risk 5.1. Expected Monetary Value of Alternatives 5.2. Discounted Decision Tree Analysis 6.1. Sensitivity Analysis 6.2. Decision Analysis Models

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Course Name	Technopreneurship 101
Course Description	Technopreneurship is a philosophy, a way of building a career or perspective in life. The course covers the value of professional and life skills in entrepreneurial thought, investment decisions, and action that students can utilize in starting technology companies or executing R&D projects in companies as they start their careers. The net result is a positive outlook towards wealth creation, high value adding, and wellness in society.
Number of Units Lecture	3 units
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	After completing this course, the student must be able to: 1. Evaluate and define the market needs 2. Solicit and apply feedback from mentors, customers and other stakeholders 3. Experience the dynamics of participating on a business team 4. Pitch a business plan for a technology idea 5. Develop an initial idea into a prototype
Course Outline	1. Introduction

ALLIED COURSES

Course Name	Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits
Course Description	This course introduces the fundamental concepts, circuit laws, theorems and techniques used in electrical circuit analysis and transient analysis, as well as its application. The course covers

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	circuit topologies and DC excitations, transient response, AC response, and polyphase circuits. The use of computer software for circuit simulation and design are emphasized to expose students to computer-based tools.	
Number of Units for Lecture	3 units	
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week	
Prerequisites	Physics for Engineers	
Co-requisites	Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits Laboratory	
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.	
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.	
Course Outline	1. Circuit Topologies and DC Excitations 1.1 Introductory Concepts 1.2 Electrical Properties of Materials 1.3 Passive Elements 1.4 Network Laws and Theorems 1.5 Electric Circuit Theorems 2. Transient Response 2.1 RC Circuits 2.2 RL Circuits 2.3 RLC Circuits 3. AC Response and Polyphase Circuits 3.1 Reactance and Impedance 3.2 Introduction to Single-Phase AC 3.3 AC Power Analysis 3.4 Sinusoidal Steady-State Analysis 3.5 Three-Phase Circuits 3.6 Transformer	

Course Name Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits Laboratory	
Course Description	This course allows the students to verify the laws and theorems discussed in Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits (lecture) through simulation, experimentation and project construction. The course topics include experimental determination of the characteristics of the different circuit configurations (series, parallel, series/parallel, delta, and wye), electrical power, Ohm's Law, Kirchhoff's Voltage and Current Laws, Superposition Theorem, Thevenin's equivalent circuit, and maximum power transfer. The use of computer software for circuit simulation and design are used as basis in verifying experimental results and to expose students to computer-based tools.
Number of Units for Laboratory	1 unit

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Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week	
Prerequisites	Physics for Engineers	
Co-requisites	Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits	
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.	
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.	
Course Outline	Rules and Regulations in the Electrical Engineering Laboratory Safety Precautions in the Electrical Engineering Laboratory Rules in Performing an Laboratory Experiment Making Preliminary and Final Reports Familiarization of Equipment/Apparatus Performance of Laboratory Experiments	
Laboratory Experiments	Laboratory exercises to be identified by the program. Each major topic should have a corresponding laboratory exercise. For semestral program, 15 exercises per semester. For trimestral program, 12 exercises per trimester. For quarterm program, 9 exercises per quarter.	
Laboratory Equipment	Program shall provide complete tools and equipment necessary to perform the identified laboratory exercise. 1 set of tools and equipment per maximum of 5 students per group.	

Course Name	Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits	
Course Description	This course discusses the construction, operation and characteristics of basic electronic devices such as junction diodes, bipolar junction transistors, Field Effect Transistors and MOS Field Effect Transistors and oscillators.	
Number of Units for Lecture	3 units	
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week	
Prerequisites	Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits	
Co-requisites	Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits Laboratory	
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.	
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.	
Course Outline	Introduction to Electronics Solid State Fundamentals Semiconductor PN Junction Diode Diode Circuit Analysis and Applications DC Regulated Power Supply	

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6. IC Regulator
7. Light Emitting Diode (LED)
8. Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT)
Field Effect Transistor (FET)
10. Switching Transistor Circuits
11. Resistor Transistor Logic (RTL)
12. Direct-Coupled Transistor Logic (DCTL)
13. Integrated-Injection Logic (I2L)
 Schottky-Diode Non-Saturating Logic (Schottky-Clamped Logic for TTL/I2L)
15. Emitter-Coupled Logic (ECL)
16. MOSFET Logic
17. Comparison of Different Logic Families (Summary)
18. Oscillator Circuits

Course Name	Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits Laboratory	
Course Description	This course is the laboratory component of the course Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits (Lecture) that allows students to verify theoretical concepts pertaining to the operation of electronic devices such as the PN junction diodes, BJT and FET and their subsequent applications to electronics circuits involving rectification, amplification and switching applications. The use of laboratory equipment and apparatus to verify the characteristics of diodes and transistor devices, and their operations in circuits such as rectifiers, voltage regulators, amplifiers, oscillators and switches are emphasized. Such equipment includes but not limited to the curve tracer, the oscilloscope, signal generator and multi-meters.	
Number of Units for Laboratory	1 unit	
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week	
Prerequisites	Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits	
Co-requisites	Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits	
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.	
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.	
Course Outline	Rules and Regulations in the Electronics Engineering Laboratory Safety Precautions in the Electronics Engineering Laboratory Rules in Performing an Laboratory Experiment Making Preliminary and Final Reports Familiarization of Equipment/Apparatus Performance of Laboratory Experiments	
Laboratory Experiments	Laboratory exercises to be identified by the program. Each major topic should have a corresponding laboratory exercise. For semestral program, 15 exercises per semester.	

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	For trimestral program, 12 exercises per trimester. For quarterm program, 9 exercises per quarter.
Laboratory Equipment	Program shall provide complete tools and equipment necessary to perform the identified laboratory exercise. 1 set of tools and equipment per maximum of 5 students per group.

PROFESSIONAL COURSES

Course Name	Computer Engineering as a Discipline	
Course Description	This course discusses the curriculum for Computer Engineering as well as how to prepare students for success through engineering design process, ethical decision-making, teamwork, and communicating to diverse audiences.	
Number of Units for Lecture	1 unit	
Number of Contact Hours per Week	1 hour per week	
Prerequisites	None	
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.	
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.	
Course Outline	CpE Curriculum Introduction to the Engineering Profession Preparing for an Engineering Career Introduction to Engineering Design Engineering Communication Engineering Ethics	

Course Name	Discrete Mathematics	
Course Description	This course deals with logic, sets, proofs, growth of functions, theory of numbers, counting techniques, trees and graph theory.	
Number of Units for Lecture	3 units	
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week	
Prerequisites	Calculus 1	
Program Outcomes	To be Identified by the program.	
Course Outcomes	To be Identified by the program.	
Course Outline	Logic, Sets, Proofs, and Functions Algorithms, Integers and Matrices Constructions	

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2.2 Complexity of Algorithms	 	
2.3 Number Theory		
2.4 Matrices		
3. Counting Techniques		
4. Relations		
5. Graph Theory		
6. Trees		
7. Introduction to Modeling Computation		

Course Name	Numerical Methods	
Course Description	This course covers the concepts of numerical analysis and computer software tools in dealing with engineering problems. It includes techniques in finding the rots of an equation, solving systems of linear and non-linear equations, eigenvalue problems, polynomial approximation and interpolation, ordinary and partial differential equations. The Monte-Carlo method, simulation, error propagation and analysis, the methods of least squares and goodness-of-fit tests are also discussed	
Number of Units for Lecture	3 units	
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week	
Prerequisites	Differential Equations	
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.	
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.	
Course Outline	To be identified by the program. 1. Introduction 2. Non Linear Transcendental and Polynomial Function Techniques 3. Iterative Bracketing Method 4. Iterative Non-Bracketing/Open Method 5. Iterative Polynomial Function Techniques 6. System of Linear Equations 7. Direct Methods 8. Iterative Methods 9. Curve Fitting Techniques 10. Least Square Regression 11. Interpolation Techniques 12. Numerical Integration Techniques 13. Numerical Differentiation	

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Course Name	Fundamentals of Mixed Signals and Sensors	
Course Description	This course covers operational amplifiers, signal converters, power switching devices and the construction and operation of sensors and transducers for converting physical parameters into electrical signals and vice-versa. The course focuses on the application of these devices in developing signal conversion circuits that allows measurement, processing and control of physical parameters by digital processing systems such as a finite state machine or a digital computer. Topics on actuators are also included.	
Number of Units for Lecture	3 units	
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week	
Prerequisites	Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits	
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.	
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.	
Course Outline	1. Differential Amplifiers 2. Operational Amplifiers 3. Linear and Non-Linear Applications of Op-Amp 4. Analog to Digital Conversion 5. Digital to Analog Conversion 6. Other Mixed Signals 7. Basic Measurement Theory 8. Sensors and Transducers 9. Other Types of Sensors and Transducers	

Course Name	Programming Logic and Design
Course Description	This is an introductory course in computer programming logic. The student will learn algorithms applicable to all programming languages, including: identifiers, data types, arrays, control structures, modular programming, generating reports, and computer memory concepts. The student will learn to use charts commonly used in business and information processing. Program logic will be developed using flowcharts and pseudo code. Programs will be written using any programming language.
Number of Units for Laboratory	2 units
Number of Contact Hours per Week	6 hours per week
Prerequisites	None

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Program Outcomes	c-I
Course Outcomes	After completing this course, the student must be able to: 1. Identify important steps in program development cycle 2. Draw a flowchart to represent the program's logic 3. Break down programming problems into modules
Course Outline	1. Introduction to Computers and Logic 2. Tools for Developing Program Logic: Flowchart and Pseudocode Instructions 3. Logical Control Structures: Sequence, Selection/Decision, Iteration/Loop, Case 4. Data and Data Types, Constants and Variables, Operators And Its Hierarchy 5. Looping: While Loop, DoWhile Loop, For Loop 6. Lists and Arrays: Representation, Arrays Interpolation, Add and Delete, Operators and Functions, Slicing 7. Debugging Techniques: Steps/Process in Debugging, Approaches, Debugging Tools
Laboratory Experiments	Laboratory exercises to be identified by the program. Each major topic should have a corresponding laboratory exercise. For semestral program, 15 exercises per semester. For trimestral program, 12 exercises per trimester. For quarterm program, 9 exercises per quarter.
Laboratory Equipment	Computer and object-oriented programming software tool Depending on the class size 1 computer per student

Sample Model Course Specification

Course Name	Object Oriented Programming
Course Description	Introduces the fundamental concepts of programming from an object oriented perspective. Topics are drawn from classes and objects, abstraction, encapsulation, data types, calling methods and passing parameters, decisions, loops, arrays and collections, documentation, testing and debugging, exceptions, design issues, inheritance, and polymorphic variables and methods. The course emphasizes modern software engineering and design principles.
Number of Units for Laboratory	2 units
Number of Contact Hours per Week	6 hours per week
Prerequisites	Programming Logic and Design
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outline	Introduction to Object Oriented Programming and UML

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Laboratory	2. Object Oriented Analysis and Design 2.1. Cohesion and Coupling Concepts 2.2. Data-Driven Design 2.3. Responsibility-Driven Design 2.4. Object-Oriented Design using UML 3. Programming Language Fundamentals 3.1. Coding Conventions and Data Types 3.2. Constants and Variables 3.3. Attributes, Methods, and Constructors 3.4. Control and Iterative Statements 3.5. Characters and Strings 3.6. Arrays 4. Advanced Programming Language Fundamentals 4.1. Inheritance 4.2. Abstract Classes 5. Exception Handling 5.1. Understanding Errors and Exceptions 5.2. Try, Catch, and Finally 6. Graphical User Interface Programming 6.1. Forms and Widgets 6.2. Graphics, Images, and Sound 6.3. Layout Managers 6.4. Event Handling Laboratory exercises to be identified by the program. Each major topic should have a corresponding laboratory exercise.
Experiments	For semestral program, 15 exercises per semester. For trimestral program, 12 exercises per trimester. For quarterm program, 9 exercises per quarter.
Laboratory Equipment	Computer and object-oriented programming software tool Depending on the class size 1 computer per student

Course Name	Data Structures and Algorithms
Course Description	Solving computational problems that involve manipulating collections of data, study a core set of data abstractions, data structures, and algorithms that provide a foundation for writing efficient programs.
Number of Units for Laboratory	2 units
Number of Contact Hours per Week	6 hours per week
Prerequisites	Object Oriented Programming

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Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outline	Pointers, Dynamic Memory Allocation, Pointers, Arrays, Structures Abstract Data Types (ADT) and Fundamentals of Linked Lists Abstract Data Type and Its Linked Lists Operations Stack Abstract Data Type and Its Linked Lists Operations Queue Abstract Data Type and Its Linked Lists Operations Algorithm Analysis and Linked List Types: Doubly Linked Lists Tree ADT and Binary Search Tree AVI Tree Heaps Basic Algorithmic Analysis Algorithmic Strategies Classic Algorithms For Common Tasks Analysis and Design of Application-Specific Algorithms Parallel Algorithms and Multithreading Algorithmic Complexity Scheduling Algorithms Basic Computability Theory
Laboratory Experiments	Laboratory exercises to be identified by the program. Each major topic should have a corresponding laboratory exercise. For semestral program, 15 exercises per semester. For trimestral program, 12 exercises per trimester. For quarterm program, 9 exercises per quarter.
Laboratory Equipment	Computer and any programming software tool Depending on the class size 1 computer per student

Course Name	Software Design
Course Description	This course focuses on programming paradigms and constructs, data structures and use of standard library functions for manipulating them, object-oriented design and the use of modeling languages, testing and software quality concepts, and tradeoffs among different software design methods.
Number of Units for Lecture	3 units
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	Data Structures and Algorithms
Co-requisites	Software Design Laboratory
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.

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Course Outcomes
Course Outline

Course Name	Software Design Laboratory
Course Description	This course focuses on providing hands-on experience in software design.
Number of Units for Lecture	1 unit
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	Data Structures and Algorithms
Co-requisites	Software Design
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Laboratory Experiments	Laboratory exercises to be identified by the program. Each major topic should have a corresponding laboratory exercise. For semestral program, 15 exercises per semester. For trimestral program, 12 exercises per trimester. For quarterm program, 9 exercises per quarter.
Laboratory Equipment	Computer and object-oriented programming software tool Depending on the class size 1 computer per student

Course Name	Logic Circuits and Design
Course Description	The course includes design and analysis or digital circuits. This course covers both combinational (synchronous and asynchronous) logic circuits with emphasis on solving digital problems using hardwired structures of the complexity of medium and large-scale integration.

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Number of Units for Lecture	3 units
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits
Co-requisites	Logic Circuits and Design Laboratory
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outline	 Gates, Truth Tables, Boolean Algebra, Function Simplification K-Maps, Circuit Implementation Using K-Maps, SOP and POS Representation, NAND/NOR Implementations. Mux, Demux, Decoders, Code Conversion (BCD to Binary, Excess-3 to Binary, Gray Code) Latches and Flip-Flops: SR, D, JK, T Counter Design, Register Design, ALU Function Sequential Circuits, Excitation Function, State Table, State Diagram. Sequential Circuit Design with Different Flip-Flops. Synchronous and Asynchronous Circuits Analysis and Design, Excitation Function, Flow Table Algorithmic State Machine Addressing and Decoding of Memory and I/O Systems

Course Name	Logic Circuits and Design Laboratory
Course Description	This course focuses on providing hands-on experience in designing digital circuits.
Number of Units for Lecture	1 unit
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits
Co-requisites	Logic Circuits and Design
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Laboratory Experiments	Laboratory exercises to be identified by the program. Each major topic should have a corresponding laboratory exercise. For semestral program, 15 exercises per semester. For trimestral program, 12 exercises per trimester. For quarterm program, 9 exercises per quarter.

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Laboratory
Equipment Program shall provide complete tools and equipment necessary to perform the identified laboratory exercise.

1 set of tools and equipment per maximum of 5 students per group.

Course Name	Operating Systems
Course Description	This course includes different policies and strategies used by an operating system. Topics include operating systems structures, process management, storage management, file management and distributed systems.
Number of Units for Lecture	3 units
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	Data Structures and Algorithms
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outline	Overview of the Operating System Process Management Process Coordination Memory Management Storage Management Protection and Security Interfacing to Operating Systems Special-Purpose Systems

Course Name	Data and Digital Communications
Course Description	This course focuses on the fundamental concepts of digital and data communications. It also includes topics on data security and integrity.
Number of Units for Lecture	3 units
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outline	Elements of Digital Communication Pulse Code Modulation Digital Modulation Techniques

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4. Information Theory	********
5. History of Data Communication	
Transmission Media and Transmission Technologies	
7. Data Transmission Modes and Standards	
8. Protocols	
Error Detection and Correction	
10. Encryption and Decryption	
11. Virus, Worms, And Hacking	

Course Name	Introduction to HDL	
Course Description	A laboratory course that introduces hardware description language as a tool for designing and testing combinational and sequential circuits. It covers fundamental of concepts of HDL and the basic building blocks of HDL programming.	
Number of Units for Laboratory	1 unit	
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week	
Prerequisites	Programming Logic and Design Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits	
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.	
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.	
Course Outline	Introduction to Hardware Description Language Programming Gate Level Modeling Dataflow Modeling Behavioral Modeling Combinational Circuit Sequential Circuit Counters State Machine Design	
Laboratory Experiments	Laboratory exercises to be identified by the program. Each major topic should have a corresponding laboratory exercise. For semestral program, 15 exercises per semester. For trimestral program, 12 exercises per trimester. For quarterm program, 9 exercises per quarter.	
Laboratory Equipment	Computer and any HDL software tool Depending on the class size 1 computer per student	

Course Name	Feedback and Control Systems
Course Description	The course includes the control devices, equations of a systems and block diagram of systems.

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Number of Units for Lecture	3 units
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	Numerical Methods Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outline	Introduction to Control System Block Diagram Algebra and Transfer Function Review of Frequency Response Transfer Function Block Diagram of Control Systems Types of Feedback Frequency Response of Feedback Systems Root Locus and Nyquist Criteria Stability and Compensation Step Response

Course Name	Computer Engineering Drafting and Design
Course Description	This course focuses on the principles of layout of electrical, electronics, and logic drawings; stressing modern representation used for block diagrams, wiring/assembly, drawings, printed circuit board layouts, and etching.
Number of Units for Laboratory	1 unit
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits .
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outline	Block Diagrams and Flowcharts Electrical, Electronic and Logic Components Designation, Standards and Abbreviations Hand-sketched Schematic Diagrams Circuit Layout Simulation Tool Wiring and Cabling Diagrams Electronic Packaging PCB Design Process PCB Design Issues Etching

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Laboratory Experiments	Laboratory exercises to be identified by the program. Each major topic should have a corresponding laboratory exercise. For semestral program, 15 exercises per semester. For trimestral program, 12 exercises per trimester. For quarterm program, 9 exercises per quarter.
Laboratory Equipment	Program shall provide complete tools and equipment necessary to perform the identified laboratory exercise. 1 set of tools and equipment per maximum of 5 students per group.

Course Name	Basic Occupational Health and Safety
Course Description	This course tackles key Occupational Health and Safety (OSH) concepts, principles and practices that are foundational knowledge requirements applicable in almost all industries. Specifically, it assists learners in identifying the key elements in the OSH situation both here and abroad, determine existing and potential safety and health hazards, identify the range of control measures; discuss pertinent provisions of Philippine laws that refer to occupational safety and health; explain key principles in effectively communicating OSH; identify components of effective OSH programs and demonstrate some skills in identifying hazards and corresponding control measures at the workplace.
Number of Units for Lecture	3 units
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	3 rd Year Standing
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outline	Introductory Concepts Occupational Safety Industrial Hygiene Control Measures for OSH Hazards Occupational Health Personal Protective Equipment OSH Programming Training of Personnel on OSH OSH Legislation Plant Visit Simulation

Course Name	Computer Networks and Security
Course Description	The course includes the basic principles of network architecture, computer network design, services, technologies and network security.
Number of Units for Lecture	3 units

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Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	Data and Digital Communications
Co-requisites	Computer Networks and Security Laboratory
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outline	1. Evolution of Computer Networks and Services 2. Applications and Layered Architectures 3. Local Area Networks (LAN)/Wide Area Networks (WAN) 3.1 Devices and Protocols 3.2 Standards 4. Internetworks 4.1 Principles of Internetworking 4.2 Architectures 4.3 IP Addressing and Architecture 5. Network Security 5.1 Internet Protocol and Standards 5.2 Internet Authentication and Applications 5.3 Wireless Network Security 5.4 Web Security 6. Introduction to Cybersecurity

Course Name	Computer Networks and Security Laboratory
Course Description	This course provides hands-on laboratory activities on computer networking. It focuses on the configuration of TCP/IP, routers and switches, network security and wireless fidelity.
Number of Units for Laboratory	1 unit
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	Data and Digital Communications
Co-requisites	Computer Networks and Security .
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Laboratory Experiments	Laboratory exercises to be identified by the program. Each major topic should have a corresponding laboratory exercise. For semestral program, 15 exercises per semester. For trimestral program, 12 exercises per trimester. For quarterm program, 9 exercises per quarter.

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Laboratory
Equipment Program shall provide complete tools and equipment necessary to perform the identified laboratory exercise.

1 set of tools and equipment per maximum of 5 students per group.

Course Name	Microprocessors
Course Description	This course provides understanding of architecture of microprocessor-based systems; registers, study of microprocessor operation, assembly language, arithmetic operations, and interfacing.
Number of Units for Lecture	3 units
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	Logic Circuits and Design
Co-requisites	Microprocessors Laboratory
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outline	1. Structural Components of Microprocessor/Microcontroller 1.1 Internal CPU Interconnection 1.2 ALU 1.3 CU 1.4 Registers 1.5 Other Peripherals 2. Fetch-Decode-Execute Cycle 3. Functional Operations of Microprocessor/Microcontroller 3.1 Data Movement 3.2 Data Processing 3.3 Control 3.4 Data Storage 4. Instruction Set 5. I/O Interfacing 5.1 Interfacing of Input/Output Devices 5.2 Interface Devices 5.3 Time-Based I/O 5.4 Handshaking

Course Name	Microprocessors Laboratory
Course Description	This course provides understanding of architecture of microprocessor-based systems; study of microprocessor operation, assembly language, arithmetic operations, and interfacing
Number of Units for Laboratory	1 unit

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Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	Logic Circuits and Design
Co-requisites	Microprocessors
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Laboratory Experiments	Laboratory exercises to be identified by the program. Each major topic should have a corresponding laboratory exercise. For semestral program, 15 exercises per semester. For trimestral program, 12 exercises per trimester. For quarterm program, 9 exercises per quarter.
Laboratory Equipment	Computer and assembly language programming software tool Depending on the class size 1 computer per student

Course Name	Methods of Research
Course Description	This course will provide in-depth understanding of research through exploration of different research methodologies and ethics. It includes qualitative and quantitative research, descriptive and other applicable research methodologies, inferential statistics and introduction to data mining.
Number of Units for Lecture	2 units
Number of Contact Hours per Week	2 hours per week
Prerequisites	Engineering Data Analysis Purposive Communication Logic Circuits and Design
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outline	1. Academic Honesty/Plagiarism 2. Types of Research 3. Problem Identification 4. Literature Search and Review 5. Quantitative and Qualitative Methods 6. Data Sampling, Collection, and Testing 7. Data Analysis and Interpretation 8. Validity, Reliability, and Sources of Error 9. Citation and Style Mechanics (E.G., APA) 10. Article Writing (E.G., IEEE, ACM) 11. Presentation and Publication

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Course Name	CpE Laws and Professional Practice
Course Description	This course provides the importance of the professional and ethica responsibilities of practicing computer engineers and the effects of their work on society; the importance of understanding contemporary issues, lifelong learning strategies; and applicable IT laws in the field of computer engineering.
Number of Units for Lecture	2 units
Number of Contact Hours per Week	2 hours per week
Prerequisites	3rd Year Standing
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outline	Philippine IT Laws and Policies a. E-Commerce Law (RA 8792) b. Intellectual Property Code of the Philippines (RA 8293) c. Optical Media Act Of 2003 (RA 9239) d. Data Privacy Act Of 2012 (RA 10173) e. Department of Information and Communications Technology Act of 2015 (RA 10844) f. Cybercrime Prevention Act of 2012 (RA 10175) Philosophical Frameworks and Cultural Issues Engineering Solutions and Societal Effects Professional and Ethical Responsibilities Contemporary Issues Lifelong Learning Strategies Business and Management Issues Tradeoffs in Professional Practice

Course Name	Embedded Systems
Course Description	This course provides advanced topics in embedded systems design using contemporary practice; interrupt-driven, reactive, real-time, object- oriented, and distributed client/server embedded systems.
Number of Units for Lecture	3 units
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	Microprocessors
Co-requisites	Embedded Systems Laboratory

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Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outline	History and Overview Relevant Tools, Standards, and/or Engineering Constraints Characteristics of Embedded Systems Basic Software Techniques for Embedded Applications Parallel Input and Output Asynchronous and Synchronous Serial Communication Periodic Interrupts, Waveform Generation, Time Measurement Data Acquisition, Control, Sensors, and Actuators Implementation Strategies for Complex Embedded Systems Techniques for Low-Power Operation Mobile and Networked Embedded Systems Advanced Topics on Input/Output Computing Platforms for Embedded Systems

Course Name	Embedded Systems Laboratory
Course Description	This course will provide hands-on activities designed to advanced topics in embedded systems design using contemporary practice interrupt-driven, reactive, real-time, object- oriented, and distributed client/server embedded systems.
Number of Units for Laboratory	1 unit
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	Microprocessors
Co-requisites	Embedded Systems
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Laboratory Experiments	Laboratory exercises to be identified by the program. Each major topic should have a corresponding laboratory exercise. For semestral program, 15 exercises per semester. For trimestral program, 12 exercises per trimester. For quarterm program, 9 exercises per quarter.
Laboratory Equipment	Program shall provide complete tools and equipment necessary to perform the identified laboratory exercise. 1 set of tools and equipment per maximum of 5 students per group.

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Course Name	Computer Architecture and Organization .
Course Description	This course includes the study of the evolution of computer architecture and the factors influencing the design of hardware and software elements of computer systems. The focus is on the understanding of the design issues specifically the instruction set architecture and hardware architecture.
Number of Units for Lecture	3 units lecture
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	Microprocessors
Co-requisites	Computer Architecture and Organization Laboratory
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outline	History and Overview of Computer Architecture Relevant Tools, Standards and/or Engineering Constraints Instruction Set Architecture Measuring Performance Computer Arithmetic Processor Organization Memory System Organization and Architectures Input/Output Interfacing and Communication Peripheral Subsystems Outlit/Many-Core Architectures In Distributed System Architectures

Course Name	Computer Architecture and Organization Laboratory
Course Description	This course will provide hands-on activities designed to focus on the computer hardware issues specifically the instruction set architecture and hardware architecture.
Number of Units for Laboratory	1 unit laboratory
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	Microprocessors
Co-requisites	Computer Architecture and Organization
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.

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Laboratory Experiments	Laboratory exercises to be identified by the program. Each major topic should have a corresponding laboratory exercise. For semestral program, 15 exercises per semester. For trimestral program, 12 exercises per trimester. For quarterm program, 9 exercises per quarter.
Laboratory Equipment	Program shall provide complete tools and equipment necessary to perform the identified laboratory exercise. 1 set of tools and equipment per maximum of 5 students per group.

Course Name	Emerging Technologies in CpE
Course Description	This course is designed to provide flexibility in the curriculum by discussing any emerging technologies applicable to computer engineering.
Number of Units for Lecture	3 units
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week
Prerequisites	4 th Year Standing
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.
Course Outline	Depending on the topic chosen by the institution.

Course Name	Seminars and Fieldtrips The course includes seminars and lecturers on current trends and issues on Computer Engineering developments. Include field trips to different companies and plants dealing with computer system facilities.		
Course Description			
Number of Units for Laboratory	1 unit		
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week		
Prerequisites	4 th Year Standing		
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.		
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.		
Course Outline	Seminars 1.1 Technical Seminars (Minimum of 3) 1.2 Non-Technical Seminars		

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1.2.1 Career Development	
1.2.2 Labor Education	
2. Fieldtrips (Minimum of 2 Company Visits)	
Submission of Student Portfolio	

Course Name	Digital Signal Processing		
Course Description	The course includes the need for and tradeoffs made when sampling and quantizing a signal; linear, time-invariant system properties frequency as an analysis domain complementary to time; and filter design.		
Number of Units for Lecture	3 units		
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week		
Prerequisites	Feedback and Control Systems		
Co-requisites	Digital Signal Processing Laboratory		
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.		
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.		
Course Outline	History and Overview Relevant Tools, Standards, and/or Engineering Constraints Convolution Transform Analysis Frequency Response Sampling and Allasing Digital Spectra and Discrete Transforms Finite and Infinite Impulse Response Filter Design Window Functions Multimedia Processing		

Course Name	Digital Signal Processing Laboratory	
Course Description	This course is designed to provide hands-on activities on different applications of digital signals processing.	
Number of Units for Laboratory	1 unit	
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours	
Prerequisites	Feedback and Control Systems	
Co-requisites	Digital Signal Processing	
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.	
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.	

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Laboratory Experiments	Laboratory exercises to be identified by the program. Each major topic should have a corresponding laboratory exercise. For semestral program, 15 exercises per semester. For trimestral program, 12 exercises per trimester. For quarterm program, 9 exercises per quarter.	
Laboratory Equipment	Computer and DSP software tool Depending on the class size 1 computer per student	

Course Name	CpE Practice and Design 1		
Course Description	This course is the first course in a two-semester sequence that constitutes the design experience for undergraduate compute engineers. It provides essential ideas, concepts and principles in engineering design process and emphasizes other design issues including engineering standards and multiple constraints as well as effective communication strategies. Students work in teams to develop project proposals for assigned open-ended problems Students are required to make oral presentations and submit writter proposal for their projects.		
Number of Units for Laboratory	1 unit		
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week		
Prerequisites	Microprocessors Methods of Research		
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.		
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.		
Course Outline	Orientation Relevant Tools, Standards, and/or Engineering Constraints Effective Communication Strategies Intellectual Property and Legal Issues Submission of Design Proposal Presentation of Design Proposal Submission of Approved Proposal		
Laboratory Equipment	Computer and any programming language and/or simulation software tool; materials, components and tools needed for prototype development and testing.		

Course Name	CpE Practice and Design 2
Course Description	This course is the second of the design experience for undergraduate computer engineering students. In this course, students will be expected to build/fabricate their design, test and evaluate the design against their design specifications, and demonstrate a fully functional project to their design review committee. Students make oral presentations and submit final reports documenting their projects.
Number of Units for Laboratory	2 units

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Number of Contact Hours per Week	6 hours per week	
Prerequisites	CpE Practice and Design 1	
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.	
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.	
Course Outline	Orientation Final oral presentation Submission of final document	
Laboratory Equipment	Computer and any programming language and/or simulation software tool; materials, components and tools needed for prototype development and testing.	

Course Name	On the Job Training		
Course Description	This course enables students to relate their acquired competencies to the realities and problems of industries in a multidisciplinar environment. This may include involvement in the industry's manpower requirements, development and research concerns trainings, applications of principles, environmental concerns, ethica and behavioral concerns, decision making, and equipment and materials concerns.		
Number of Units for Lecture	3 units .		
Number of Contact Hours per Week	3 hours per week		
Minimum Number of Hours Required for Field Work	240 hours of field work		
Prerequisites	4th Year Standing		
Program Outcomes	To be identified by the program.		
Course Outcomes	To be identified by the program.		
Course Outline	Orientation and Presentation of Policies and Guidelines Multidisciplinary Team Approaches Assertion of Student's OJT on the Company Completion of 240 Hours Submission of Progress Reports Final Oral Presentation Submission of Final Report		

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NATURAL/PHYSICAL SCIENCES

Chemistry for Engineers Laboratory

Required Tools/Equipment	Required Quantity
Activated charcoal	5 g
Al strips	5 pieces
Alcohol	30 mL
Alligator clip	10 pieces
Alligator clip	10 pieces
Battery	5 pieces
Beaker	5 pieces
Burner	5 pieces
Conductivity apparatus	1 set-up
Cu strips	10 pieces
CuSO ₄ solution	25 mL
Distillation apparatus	1 set-up
lectrolyte solution	25 mL
Evaporating dish	5 pieces
Fe (NO ₃) ₃ solution	25 mL
-eCl₃ solution	25 mL
Filter stand	5 pieces
ood color	5 g
Glass funnel	5 pieces
Blass tubing	5 pieces
Graduated cylinder	5 pieces
ICI solution	80 mL
lexane	25 mL
crystals	8 g
(CI solution	25 mL
(CIO₃ solid	3 g
(MnO ₄ solution	25 mL
(SCN solution	25 mL
Mg strips	10 pieces
laCl	5 g
laCl solution	50 mL
IaOH solution	25 mL
IH₄OH solution	5 mL
Dil	5 mL
b (NO ₃) ₂ solution	50 mL
b strips	5 pieces
etri dish	5 pieces
H paper	20 pieces
and bag	5 pieces
taple wire	50 pieces
Sugar	5 g
Sugar solution	25 mL
Syringe	5 pieces
est tube	50 pieces

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Thermometer	5 pieces
Triple beam balance	5 pieces
Urea	5 g
Zn (NO ₃) ₂ solution	25 mL
Zn strips	15 pieces

Maximum of 5 students per group and minimum required quantity is based on class size of 25 students.

Physics for Engineers Laboratory

Required Tools/Equipment	Required Quantity
Atwood's machine	5 pieces
Bar magnets	10 pieces
Beaker	5 pieces
Beam balance	5 pieces
Blackwood ballistic pendulum	5 pieces
Bridging plugs/connecting wires	5 sets
Calorimeter	5 pieces
Centripetal force apparatus	5 pieces
Clamp	5 pieces
Coil	5 pieces
Compass	5 pieces
Component holder	15 pieces
concave lens	5 pieces
Connecting wires	5 sets
Convex lens	5 pieces
Crossed arrow target	5 pieces
Cylindrical lens	5 pieces
DC power supply	5 pieces
Demonstration balance	5 pieces
Dynamic cart	5 pieces
Electric calorimeter	5 pieces
Field mapper kit/mapping Apparatus	5 pieces ·
Fixed capacitor (330 microfarad)	5 pieces
Fixed resistors	15 pieces
Fluorescent lamp	2 sets
Force table Set	5 pieces
Frame for bar magnets	5 pieces
Free fall apparatus	5 pieces
Friction block with different surfaces	5 pieces
Friction board with pulley	5 pieces
Frictionless dynamic track	5 pieces
Galvanometer	5 pieces
Glass plate	5 pieces
Glass plate of size similar to friction board	5 pieces
Horseshoe magnets	5 pieces
Hydrometer jar	5 pieces
Inclined plane	5 pieces
Inverted U-tube	5 pieces

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Light source	5 pieces
Light source, sodium/mercury lamps	5 pieces
Linear air track with blower and trolley	5 pieces
Mass with hook	5 pieces
Masses	5 sets
Mechanical equivalent of heat apparatus	5 pieces
Metal ball	5 pieces
Metal balls of different sizes	12 pieces
Metal conductor with insulated handle	2 sets
Metal stand	5 pieces
Meter stick	
Micrometer caliper	5 pieces
Natural magnets	5 pieces
Ohmmeter/VOM	5 pieces
Optics bench	0 010000
Panel board/circuit board	5 pieces
Parallel ray lens	5 pieces
Platform/triple beam balance	5 pieces
Potentiometer	5 pieces
Ramp/launcher	5 pieces
Ray optics mirror	5 pieces
Ray table and base	5 pieces
Reversing switch	5 pieces
Rheostat	5 pieces
Ring	5 pieces
Rubber hammer	5 pieces
Set of Weights	5 pieces
slide wire/ wheatstone bridge	5 sets
Slit mask	5 pieces
Slit plate	5 pieces
Slotted masses, 5-500g	5 pieces
Solenoid	5 sets
Sonometer	5 pieces
SPDT switch	5 pieces
Specimen for shot	5 pieces
spherical mirror	5 sets
Spring	5 pieces
SPST switch	5 pieces
Steam generator	5 pieces
Stirrer for shot	5 pieces
Stop watch	5 pieces
Stopwatch	5 pieces
Support rod	5 pieces
Switch	5 pieces
hermal expansion apparatus	5 pieces
hermometer hermometer	5 pieces
imer/stopwatch	5 pieces
Tuning forks of three different frequencies	5 pieces
J-tube	5 sets 5 pieces

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	Van de Graff generator Vernier caliper VOM or multitester Weight holder	2 sets
	VOM or multitester	5 pieces 5 pieces
	Weight holder	F :
	size of 25 students per group an	b pieces and minimum required quantity is based on class
_		
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ANNEX IV-II – LABORATORY REQUIREMENTS (PROFESSIONAL COURSES) Bachelor of Science in Computer Engineering

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BASIC ENGINEERING SCIENCES	
Computer Aided Drafting	
ALLIED COURSES	
Fundamentals of Classical Circuit	
Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits	
Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits	
PROFESSIONAL COURSES	
Programming Logic and Design	
Object Oriented Programming.	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
Data Structures and Algorithms	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
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Digital Signal Processing Laboratory	

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BASIC ENGINEERING SCIENCES

Computer Aided Drafting

Required Tools/Equipment	Required Quantity
Complete set of computer system	1:1 ratio
Computer-aided design software	1:1 ratio

ALLIED COURSES

Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits

Required Tools/Equipment	Required Quantity Per Group	Minimum Required Quantity
Complete set of computer system	1	5
Open or commercial simulation tools in Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits	1	5
Circuits trainer	1	5
Analog DC ammeter (100 mA DC)	1	5
Analog DC voltmeter (20V DC)	1	5
Digital multimeter	1	5
Watt meter	1	5
Potentiometer	1	5
Strain transducer	11	5
Function generator	1	5
Oscilloscope	1	5
Variable power supply (0-20V DC and 0-5V AC)	1	. 5
Resistive load (e.g., 100Ω , 470Ω , $1K\Omega$)	1	. 5
Capacitive load (e.g., 2.2µF)	1	5
Inductive load (e.g., 100mH, 150mH)	1	5
Practical inductor (e.g., 100-200 mH)	1	5
Test bed	1	5
Purely resistive impedance (e.g., 3KΩ)	1	5
Balanced 3-phase source (e.g., 220V _{RMS} at 60Hz)	1	5

Maximum of 5 students per group and minimum required quantity is based on class size of 25 students.

Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits

Required Tools/Equipment	Required Quantity Per Group	Minimum Required Quantity
Complete set of computer system	1	. 5
Open or commercial simulation tools in Fundamentals of Electronic Circuits	1	5

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Required Tools/Equipment	Required Quantity Per Group	Minimum Required Quantity
Variable power supply (0-20V DC and 0-5V AC)	1	5
Analog DC ammeter (100 mA DC)	1	5
Analog DC voltmeter (20V DC)	1	5
Breadboard	1	. 5
Oscilloscope	1	5
Complete set of computer system	1	5
Function generator	1	5
Semiconductor devices circuit board	1	5
Transistor amplifier circuit board	1	5
FET fundamentals circuit board	1	5
Transistor power amplifier circuit board	1	5
Operational amplifier circuit board	1	5
Transistor feedback circuit board	1 1	5
Digital circuit training module Maximum of 5 students per group ar	1	5

Maximum of 5 students per group and minimum required quantity is based on class size of 25 students.

PROFESSIONAL COURSES

Programming Logic and Design

Required Tools/Equipment	Required Quantity
Complete set of computer system	1:1 ratio
Programming language environment	1:1 ratio

Object Oriented Programming

Required Tools/Equipment	Required Quantity
Complete set of computer system	1:1 ratio
Programming language environment	1:1 ratio

Data Structures and Algorithms

Required Tools/Equipment	Required Quantity 1:1 ratio	
Complete set of computer system		
Programming language environment	1:1 ratio	

Software Design Laboratory

Required Tools/Equipment	Required Quantity
Complete set of computer system	1:1 ratio
Programming language environment	1:1 ratio
Computer-aided design software	1:1 ratio

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Logic Circuits and Design Laboratory

Required Tools/Equipment	Required Quantity Per Group	Minimum Required Quantity
Complete set of computer system	1	5
Open or commercial simulation tools in Logic Circuits and Design	1	5
Power supply	1	. 5
Breadboard	1	5
Complete set of different logic gates	1	5
Logic probe	1	5
Oscilloscope	1	5

^{*} Maximum of 5 students per group and minimum required quantity is based on class size of 25 students.

Introduction to HDL

Required Tools/Equipment	Required Quantity	
Complete set of computer system	1:1 ratio	
Programming language environment	1:1 ratio	
Computer-aided design software	1:1 ratio `	

Computer Engineering Drafting and Design

Required Tools/Equipment	Required Quantity Per Group	Minimum Required Quantity
Complete set of computer system	1	5
Computer-aided design software	1	5
Open or commercial simulation tools in Computer Engineering Drafting and Design	1	5
Complete set of PCB etching tools	1	5

^{*} Maximum of 5 students per group and minimum required quantity is based on class size of 25 students.

Computer Networks and Security Laboratory

Required Tools/Equipment	Required Quantity Per Group	Minimum Required Quantity
Complete set of computer system	1	5
Open or commercial simulation tools in Computer Networks and Security	1	5 .
Complete set of network cable fabrication tools	1	5
NIC	1	5
Network operating system	Depends on class size	Depends on class size
Switch/hub	Depends on class size	Depends on class size
Router	Depends on class size	Depends on class size

^{*} Required quantity is based on a class size of 25 students.

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Microprocessors Laboratory

Required Tools/Equipment	Required Quantity Per Group	Minimum Required Quantity
Complete set of computer system	1	5
Programming language environment	1	5
Open or commercial simulation tools in Microprocessors	1	5
Power supply	1	5
Breadboard	1	5
Microprocessor or microcontroller	1	5
I/O devices	1	5

^{*} Maximum of 5 students per group and minimum required quantity is based on class size of 25 students

Embedded Systems Laboratory

Required Tools/Equipment	Required Quantity Per Group	Minimum Required Quantity
Complete set of computer system	1	5
Programming language environment	1	5 .
Open or commercial simulation tools in Embedded Systems	1	5
Power supply	1	5
Breadboard	1	5
Microprocessor or microcontroller	1	5
I/O devices	1	5

^{*} Maximum of 5 students per group and minimum required quantity is based on class size of 25 students,

Computer Architecture and Organization Laboratory

Required Tools/Equipment	Required Quantity Per Group	Minimum Required Quantity
Complete set of computer system	1	5
Open or commercial simulation tools in Computer Architecture and Organization	1	5
Power supply	1	5
Breadboard	1	5
Microprocessor or microcontroller	1	5
I/O devices	1	5.
Memory devices	1	5

Maximum of 5 students per group and minimum required quantity is based on class size of 25 students.

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Digital Signal Processing Laboratory

Required Tools/Equipment	Required Quantity Per Group	Minimum Required Quantity
Complete set of computer system	1	5
Graphing software	1	5
Mathematical software	1	5
Open or commercial simulation tools in Digital Signal Processing	1	. 5

^{*} Maximum of 5 students per group and minimum required quantity is based on class size of 25 students.

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